

PRODUCT AND INSTALLATION MANUAL

Wavin Tigris

Commercial Press-fit Plumbing Systems



An Orbia business.

Wavin Tigris Commercial Press-fit Plumbing Systems

This manual will guide you on the specific characteristics of each member of the Tigris product family, explain the benefits and application field, provide assembly instructions and technical background, norms and regulations. Finally, you will find the assortment overview on product level.

For more information or personal advice, please contact your local sales representative or visit wavin.com.

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1. Tigris family

- one-pipe-fits-all

1.1. The one-pipe-fits-all Tigris product family

With Tigris, Wavin offers a complete program of pipe and fitting solutions for multi-layer composite pipe systems. The Tigris family has that are all perfectly designed to offer the most reliable connection for the Wavin' s multilayer composite pipe, dedicated to the requirements of each specific field of application.

The core of the fitting program is based on the reliable Radial Press-Fit technology, offering a complete PPSU line with Tigris K5 and Tigris K1 or brass line with Tigris M5 and Tigris M1.

All Tigris fitting lines fulfil the specific requirements for hot and cold water installations and radiator heating and underfloor heating systems. They meet all drinking water quality requirements and are physiologically harmless.

Being a real product family, all fittings fit to the same multilayer composite pipe, offering a 1-fits-all solution!

1.2. Tigris Multi-layer pipe – key features

The Wavin multi-layer composite pipes (MP) comprise either an internal layer of cross-linked polyethylene (PE-Xc), an external protection layer in HD-PE and an intermediate butt welded aluminium layer. These layers are uniformly connected by means of bonding agents. This produces a pipe structure with a total of five layers.

Multilayer composite pipes offer many advantages

- ⦿ Dimensional stability, resistant to unwanted movement yet flexible to work with
- ⦿ Limited linear expansion, comparable to copper, thanks to the aluminium layer
- ⦿ Significant lower demand of fittings due to ease of pipe bending
- ⦿ Perfect for tight installation situations due to easy bending
- ⦿ Pipe holds its shape after bending thanks to the aluminium layer
- ⦿ Corrosion resistant, free of encrustation
- ⦿ Diffusion-proof

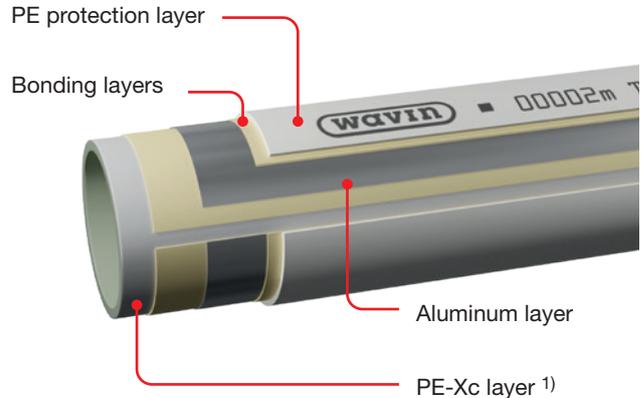


Fig. 1: Multi-layer composite pipe structure.

Specific benefits of Wavin multilayer pipes

- ⦿ Big inner diameter for an optimal flow performance
- ⦿ Wide field of applications, drinking water as well as heating systems
- ⦿ Suitable for all kind of water qualities
- ⦿ High pressure, temperature and chemical resistance.
- ⦿ Butt-weld aluminium layer; uniform thickness and resistance to peeling apart
- ⦿ Physiologically harmless
- ⦿ Low weight
- ⦿ Quick and safe assembly
- ⦿ On coils and straight lengths
- ⦿ Pre-insulated or with protection pipe
- ⦿ Easy to cut and easy to bend

The Wavin multilayer composite pipes can be handled by a single installer. An optimal aluminium thickness means it can be bent by hand or supported by bending springs and bending pliers.

The Wavin multilayer composite pipes are classified by the kind of application according to ISO 21003. Please see the chapter Technical specifications MP Pipes for detailed information.

¹⁾ PE-Xc available in the range 16 to 75 mm

PE-Xc is a reinforced physical (electron-beam) cross-linked polyethylene. Due to the cross-linking, the PE is not fusible and has a high thermal stability that especially predestines it for drinking water installations and high temperature radiator connections. The physical cross-linking ensures an equal spread of the links and an environmental and drinking water quality friendly cross-linking without any addition of chemicals.

PE-Xc is typically chosen when more extreme conditions are applied, like chemical or thermal disinfection.

See the technical chapter 5 for an overview of released chemicals.

1.2.1. The Wavin multi-layer composite pipe for drinking water applications

Wavin multilayer pipes can be applied for hot & cold water installation as well as heating systems. The pipes meet all drinking water quality requirements and are physiologically harmless. They also are oxygen tight and fulfil the requirements for low temperature radiator connections and underfloor heating systems.

Depending on the pipe dimension, they have an inner layer material in PE-Xc, an external layer in HDPE with an aluminium layer in between connected by special bonding agents.



The Wavin Tigris pipe family contains ranges of multilayer pipes, dedicated to their application.

- 🕒 Wavin White - drinking water applications

Fig. 2: Multi-layer composite pipe for multiple applications.

The Wavin multi-layer composite pipe for drinking water applications fulfils the requirements according to ISO 21003 and carries amongst others DVGW, KIWA and KOMO certifications.

Please see the chapter Technical specifications MP Pipes for detailed information.

1.3. The Radial Press-Fit system explained

Radial Press-Fit fittings are typically designed for making a fast, reliable and durable connection with multilayer pipes. The principle is based on deforming the metal cap of the fitting with a pressing tool which creates a tight sealing and mechanical connection at the same time in just one pressing. As the cap is deformed in a radial direction related to the pipe, it is called a Radial Press-Fit system.



Fig. 3: Tigris Radial Press-Fit pressing.

The Radial Press-Fit system offers a lot of benefits compared to alternative connection methods for piping.

It is a very fast way of making a durable, reliable connection; just cut the pipe, stick the fitting* on the pipe and press. Ready!

Because it is a predefined process and the Wavin fittings are designed to prevent every conceivable installation mistake, the result is a reliable and durable connection. In addition, Wavin Tigris fittings are designed and tested even beyond the high requirements for a 50-year lifetime simulation. The Wavin system warranty ensures a long and trouble-free lifetime.

Tigris Radial Press-Fit fittings are subjected to constant internal quality controls and continuous external monitoring. They are certified by DVGW and tested according EN-ISO 21003.

**) depending on fitting type, see chapter 3- Installation Instructions*

1) PE-Xc available in the range 16 to 75 mm

1.4. The Tigris product family at a glance



one pipe fits all

PPSU series		Brass series	
Radial Press-Fit		Radial Press-Fit	
			
Tigris K5 16-40 mm	Tigris K1 50-75 mm	Tigris M5 16-40 mm	Tigris M1 50-75 mm

2. Tigris fitting

product features

The press fitting program of Tigris offers 2 core lines based on your preferred choice of body material.

Wavin Tigris K5 and Tigris K1 are press fittings with bodies made of the high technical performance plastic Polyphenylsulfone (PPSU).

Wavin Tigris M5 and Tigris M1 are metal press fittings with bodies made of UBA listed drinking water approved brass materials.

Tigris K5 and Tigris M5 cover the range from 16 up to 40 mm. Tigris K1 and Tigris M1 cover the range from 50 to 75 mm.

2.1. Fitting design K5/ M5

Based on the proven design of Tigris Radial Press-Fit technology, the 5-series offer a rich range of fittings with the latest technology that lead to an outstanding reliable fitting with significant increase flow performance and the unique Acoustic Leak Alert technology. The fittings are equipped with a stainless-steel press sleeve, that gives additional strength and reliability to the system and that is designed for multiple pressing jaw systems. The Tigris K5/M5 are available in 16-40 mm.

About PPSU

PPSU (Polyphenylsulfone) is a high technical performance plastic which is resistant to corrosion, encrustation and high temperatures (heat shape resistance > 200 °C, processing temperature 360°C).

It's extremely high notched impact strength and lack of sensitivity to stress cracks make the Tigris K5, Tigris K1 and extremely robust and insensitive to impacts.

The performance of PPSU has already been proven over many years in aircraft engineering, medical sterilization technology, chemical plants and automotive engineering as well as in Wavin plumbing fittings. In addition all female-threaded fittings are reinforced with high quality threaded inserts to ensure an extremely robust performance. With leadfree DZR brass inserts, our PPSU fittings are extremely well suited for

environments where the highest water quality standards are required. All brass inserts of Wavin PPSU fittings are made of leadfree DZR brass CW 724R, a UBA listed brass quality that is dezincification resistant (DZR) and lead-free.

About brass

The brass fittings are made from the UBA listed drinking water approved brass type CW 617N with low lead content (< 2%).

This widely accepted brass can be used for all applications, heating as well as potable water and like PPSU, it resists high temperatures and pressures and is extremely robust and insensitive to impacts.

OPTIFLOW

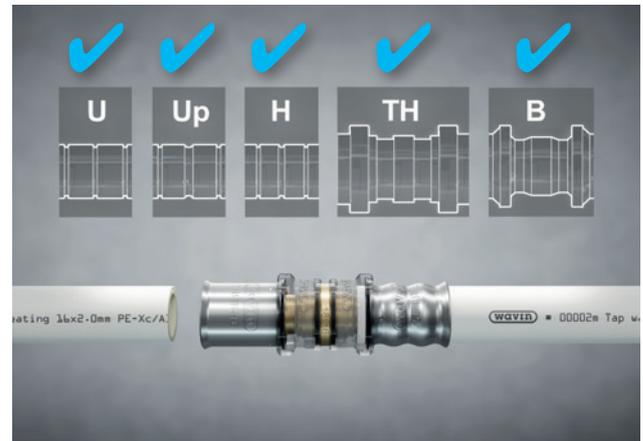
Reliability is a key requirement to ensure lifetime performance, but also reducing pressure loss to a minimum defines the quality and performance of the installation. Designed specifically to deliver optimal flow performance, the 5-series of Tigris with OPTI FLOW have up to a 50% larger inner bore. This is especially relevant for the smaller pipe diameters where the impact of inner bore on pressure loss is the biggest. As a result, your customers will enjoy a higher total system performance. When it comes to optimal flow performance, Tigris K5 and Tigris M5 are the fittings of your choice.



*Fig. 4: OPTIFLOW.
Optimal flow performance.*

MULTI JAW

With MULTI JAW, Tigris K5 and Tigris M5 guarantees secure connections regardless of the profile. You can use all of the most common jaw profiles to press the new Tigris K5 or Tigris M5 as they are compatible with U, Up, H, TH and B profiles. This eliminates the need to buy new equipment and makes it easy to switch to the new Tigris M5 or Tigris K5 without worrying about your system warranty.



*Fig. 5: MULTIJAW.
Pressing possible with the most common pressing profiles.
Wavin System Warranty.*

Leak prevention

Creating a reliable installation is the key aim for every installer and a hygienic system is essential for every drinking water application. To check if the installation is made leak tight there are 2 options: pressurize the installation with water or with air².

2) Details about test procedures with air or water can be found in chapter 3.5.

DEFINED LEAK-Testing with water

When the pressure test is executed with water, the Defined Leak feature guarantees that an accidentally forgotten unpressed connection is clearly exposed to the installer by visually leaking during the pressure test.

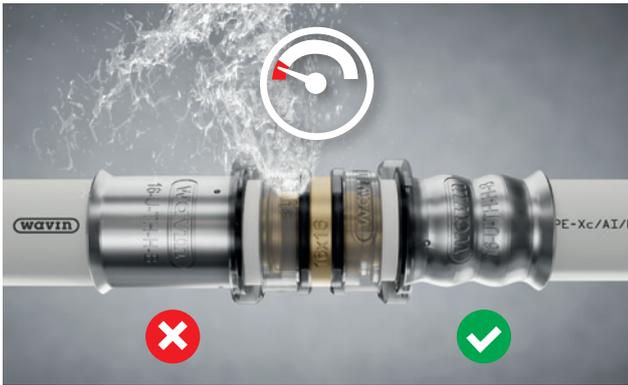


Fig. 6: DEFINED LEAK in the pressure test reveals with leaking water the unpressed fitting.

NEW: ACOUSTIC LEAK ALERT-testing with air!

From a hygiene perspective executing the pressure test with air instead of water might be preferable or even obligatory. However, with Defined Leak alone, an unpressed fitting might be hard to locate on an air test. Therefore Tigris M5 and Tigris K5 are equipped with **Acoustic Leak Alert**. When executing a pressure test with air, this feature enables installers to trace an entire system for leaks caused by connections that have not been pressed.

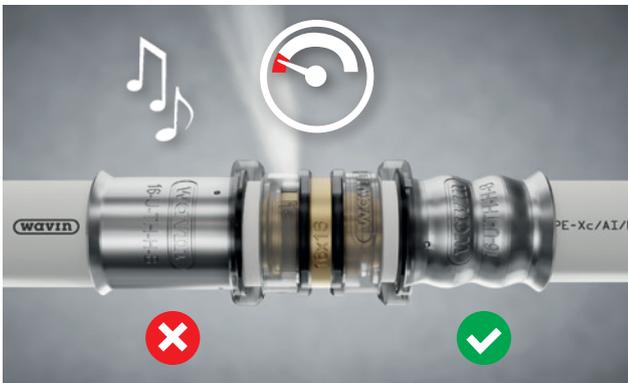


Fig. 7: ACOUSTIC LEAK ALERT. A loud whistle tone caused by the leaking air helps to trace the unpressed fitting.

With ACOUSTIC LEAK ALERT any un-pressed fitting emits a loud whistle ($\pm 80 \text{ dB(A)}$)³⁾, making locating the source of the leak extremely easy. And, because unpressed fittings are detected so quickly, Tigris M5 and Tigris K5 fittings make testing with air an unbelievably attractive alternative.

Using air instead of water for pressure tests avoids stagnating water in the installation – impressively eliminating Legionella risks. On top of that, testing with air prevents frost damage during winter months.

Tigris K5 and Tigris M5 featuring Acoustic Leak Alert still feature Defined Leak. This means no matter what is used, water or air, an unpressed fitting can always easily be found.

IN4SURE™

In order to make a reliable pressing, it is important that the pipe is properly inserted into the fitting. The IN4SURE™ feature offers a visual check if the pipe is inserted far enough. The transparent fixing of Tigris K5 and M5 offers a 360° visual check. This is extremely helpful in difficult access applications. When the pipe is visible, you are ready to press.

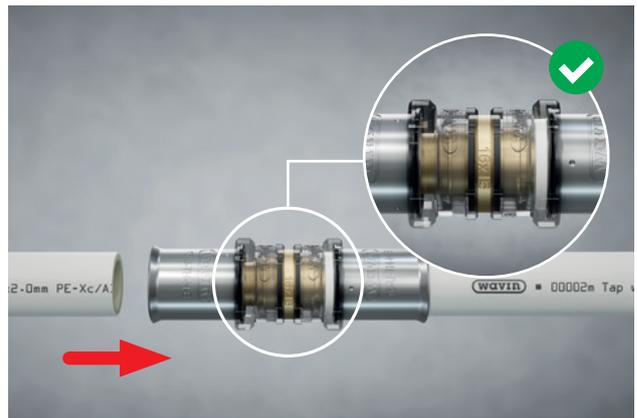


Fig. 8: IN4SURE™ helps to check if the pipe is inserted properly.

³⁾ At noise levels from 80 dB(A), long-term exposure may cause hearing damage and hearing protection is therefore recommended. Be aware that covering the fitting with (thermal) insulation can reduce the sound level.

Chamfer Free

With the Tigris 5 series it is no longer required to chamfer the pipe after cutting it on the desired length. Just cut the pipe square and insert the pipe into the fitting.



Fig.9: No chamfering needed for Tigris K5 and Tigris M5.

EASYFIT

The fittings are designed in a way that pipe is guided onto the sleeve in a straight way and that the O-rings are protected against damage during pipe insertion. The patented hexagonal sleeve-end enables low insertion force, but of course calibration is still allowed if you want to reduce insertion forces further. But if you forget, a reliable connection is still guaranteed.

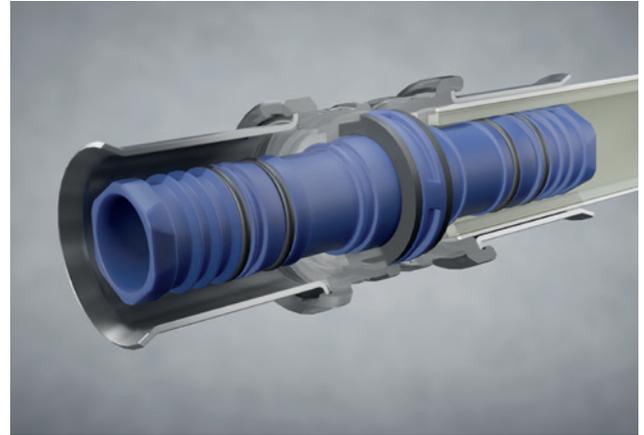


Fig.10: EASYFIT pipe insertion without calibration.

ULTRASEAL

The Tigris fittings have been designed to ensure a long lifetime, problem free operation and durable sealing. This is established by O-rings of the highest quality EPDM materials that resist high temperatures and have high chemical resistance. They have been exposed in the lifetime simulation test to extreme conditions that are even beyond the ISO standards in order to ensure the utmost reliable sealing possible; ULTRASEAL.

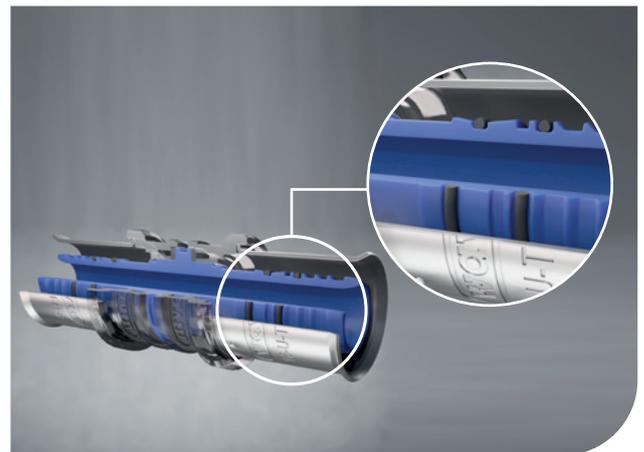


Fig.11: ULTRASEAL O-rings have been tested even beyond the ISO requirements for life test simulation.

PIPEGRIP

For a reliable pressing a proper pipe insertion is essential. To ensure that the pipe stays in place whilst not pressed, the caps on the fittings have small dents that firmly hold the fitting and pipe in position. They even hold a pipe weight up to 2 m length. This means that no additional hands are needed to keep the pipe in position and the free hand can be used to operate the pressing tool.



Fig.12: PIPEGRIP firmly holds the pipe in position to have free hands for operating the pressing machine.

2.2. Fitting design K1/ M1

The Tigris K1 and Tigris M1 fittings, with patented hexagonal head cross-section, are well known by their many years of proven reliability. The fittings are equipped with a stainless-steel press sleeve, that gives additional strength and reliability to the system. The Tigris K1/M1 fittings have to be pressed with a U-profile. The pipe must be calibrated before pushing into the fitting.

The fittings are suitable for hot and cold-water applications and heating systems. The Tigris K1/M1 fittings are available in 50-75 mm.

IN4SURE™

In order to make a reliable pressing, it is important that the pipe is properly inserted into the fitting. The IN4SURE™ feature offers a visual check if the pipe is inserted far enough. The fittings have two observation windows, through which the insert depth of the pipe can be reliably checked before pressing. If the pipe is visible, a reliable pressing can be made.

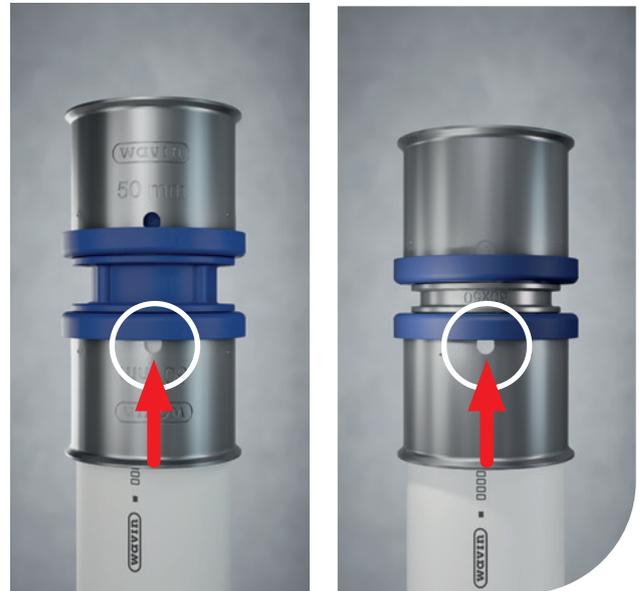


Fig. 13: IN4SURE™ helps to check if the pipe is inserted properly.

DEFINED LEAK-Testing with water

When the pressure test is executed with water, the Defined Leak feature guarantees that an accidentally forgotten unpressed connection is clearly exposed to the installer by visually leaking during the pressure test.



Fig.14: DEFINED LEAK in the pressure test reveals with leaking water the unpressed fitting.

LOW INSERTION FORCES

The patented hexagonal head cross-section has a positive impact on reducing the insertion forces which reduces the force required to insert the pipe. The sleeve is designed for an optimal guidance of the pipe during insertion, whilst eliminating the risk of damaging the O-rings during installation.

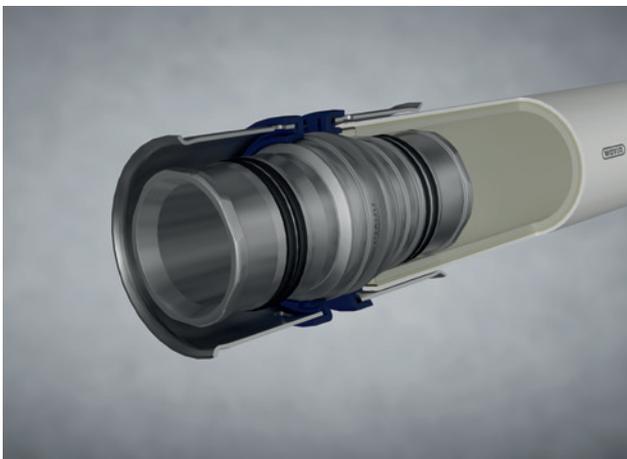


Fig. 15: Low insertion force thanks to the patented hexagonal sleeve-end.

PIPEGRIP

For a reliable pressing a proper pipe insertion is essential. To ensure that the pipe stays in place before being pressed, the caps on the fittings have small dents that firmly hold the fitting and pipe in position. They even hold a pipe weight up to 2 m length. This means that no additional hands are needed to keep the pipe in position and the free hand can be used to operate the pressing tool.



Fig.16: PIPEGRIP firmly holds the pipe in position to have free hands for operating the pressing machine.

Besides these outstanding features, the fittings provide further advantages in practice:

- ▶ Possible to combine with Tigris K5, Tigris M5
- ▶ Quick and safe assembly
- ▶ Physiologically harmless

2.3. Product matrix with features

The below overview gives a summary of the product features of the various Tigris designs, the body material, the dimensions and the pressing profile that can be used to create an utmost reliable installation. On the next page you will find an explanation of the icons that show the benefits of each feature.

Product feature overview

				
	Tigris M5	Tigris K5	Tigris M1	Tigris K1
 MULTI JAW	✓	✓		
 OPTI FLOW	✓	✓		
 EASY FIT	✓	✓		
 ACOUSTIC LEAK ALERT NEW	✓	✓		
 DEFINED LEAK	✓	✓	✓	✓
 IN 4SURE	✓	✓	✓	✓
 PIPE GRIP	✓	✓	✓	✓
 ULTRA SEAL	✓	✓	✓	✓
Diameters	16-40	16-40	50-75	50-75
Material	Brass	PPSU	Brass	PPSU
Press profile	U, Up, TH, H, B	U, Up, TH, H, B	U	U
Special dimensions	20 x 2.0 26 x 3.0	-	-	-

Table 1: Product feature overview.

2.4. Tigris feature explanation



MULTI JAW

Fits multiple pressing jaw profiles: U, Up, TH, B, H

Designed to fit the most common jaw profiles; U, Up, H, TH and B profiles. No need to buy new equipment, thus easy to switch to the new Tigris 5 series without worrying about your system warranty.



OPTI FLOW

Increased inner bore for optimized flow

An increased inner bore leads to an optimization of the flow, by reducing the pressure loss as a result of less flow resistance.



EASY FIT

Easy pipe insertion without calibration

After cutting the pipe (straight), it can be directly mounted on the pipe, without calibrating the pipe first. Thanks to the hexagonal sleeve, the special cap design and the recessed O-ring position, the pipe can be mounted with low forces and without risks of damaging the O-rings.



ACOUSTIC LEAK ALERT

NEW

Detect non-pressed fittings by a whistle

When the pipe is inserted in the fitting, but the installer forgot to press it, the connection will be leaking. When executing a pressure test with air, the fitting can easily be acoustically traced by a whistling sound.



DEFINED LEAK

Clear visual water leaking when sleeve is not pressed

When the pipe is inserted in the fitting, but the installer forgot to press it, the connection will be leaking. When executing a pressure test with water, the fitting can easily be visually traced as it is leaking water.



IN4SURE™

Proper pipe position visible 360°

It is important to insert the pipe far enough to guaranty a tight sealing between pipe and fitting. A visual check proofs it is properly inserted.



PIPE GRIP

Pipe stays in position before pressing

When a pipe is properly inserted in the fitting, it should keep this position until the (fitting) cap is pressed. PipeGrip prevents undesired movements to ensure a reliable pressing.



ULTRA SEAL

Reliable O-ring sealing, tested beyond market standards

The reliability of the O-rings sealings is tested with a lifetime simulation test under extreme conditions. Tested to 110 ° C which is far above the required max temperature of 95 ° C.

Table 2: Product feature explanation.

2.5. Warranty

Please use the opportunity to gain a 25 year warranty on the Wavin Hot & Cold systems installed in your building project.

It is a condition for the issuing of the 25 year warranty that evidence is provided that the Wavin Products are installed according to the Wavin installation guidelines, the applicable legislation and regulations and all demands of the latest technical knowledge and the requirements of good and sound craftsmanship. Furthermore, your project must be registered at Wavin through the official 25-year warranty form.

Additional conditions are mentioned below:

1. Your project must be registered, and you must have installed a Wavin system for which Wavin can provide the 25 year warranty
2. The installation must have been completed within the last 3 months and the installed Wavin products have been installed within 12 months after delivery
3. The completed "Registration for 25 year warranty form" must be promptly emailed to: info@wavin.co.uk

Please bear in mind that it is not possible to receive this warranty for individual Wavin products. For Hot & Cold applications both the pipes and the fittings comprising the complete installation have to originate from Wavin.



Registration for 25 year warranty form

Building project*

Name, property _____

Street _____

Postcode, town/city _____

Installer*

Company _____

Street _____

Postcode, town/city _____

Planner

Company _____ Postcode, town/city _____

Architect

Company _____ Postcode, town/city _____

Distributor

Company _____ Postcode, town/city _____

Type of property*

- Residential unit
- School
- Home for the elderly
- Multi-residential unit
- Nursery school
- Factory building
- Residential complex
- Bank
- Church
- Office/administrative building
- Sports hall
- Food outlet
- Public building
- Hospital
- Museum
- Store/shop
- Doctor's practice
- Swimming pool
- Other

*Mandatory fields

System(s)*

Quantity _____

Please specify the system for which the declaration of liability should be issued.

Required supporting documents (minimum of 1)*

- Copy of invoice _____
- _____
- _____

Installation and commissioning*

- System ready for use on _____
- Pressure test completed* on _____ No faults present
- Heating function checked on _____ No faults present

The system has been installed, checked and commissioned in accordance with the Wavin planning specifications, installation instructions and operating instructions.

Signature and stamp of the specialist company

Signature of building owner

By signing this document the installer accepts the applicability of the General Terms of Sale and Delivery of Wavin as published at www.wavin.co.uk

**Mandatory fields*

3. Installation

Instructions

This chapter will provide you a clear instruction how to store, handle and install the various Tigris products in a professional, reliable and efficient way.

After a quick guide to get started and informing you about some general guidelines, it will guide you in detail from the preparation to execution and to final testing of the finished installation.

Please read the instructions carefully, especially when working with Wavin Tigris products for the first time. This chapter will end by showing examples of the most common installation designs.

3.1. Overall installation instructions

The respective current codes of practice must be observed in the installation of Wavin Tigris K5, Tigris M5, Tigris K1, Tigris M1 systems. These systems are to be assembled only by trained and qualified professionals and with appropriate tools only.

Wavin Tigris systems are constructed in accordance with the relevant codes of practice. The mountings used must be adequate for fixing the composite pipe in the respective nominal diameter. Mountings with a sound and temperature insulation insert are recommended.

The expected linear expansion based on maximum temperature feed and line length must be considered. A distinction is generally drawn between fixed points and floating points as fixing methods. Fixed points divide the pipeline element into separate sections and provide stability. Floating point fixings enable expansion and movement of the pipeline concerned.

Please see the detailed instructions in the chapters that follow that will help you making the perfect, right-first-time installation.

3.2. A quick guide to get started

The next page overview gives you a quick guide to get easily started with installing the Tigris family products. In the chapters that follow you will find out all details that help you making a perfect installation.

Before starting the installation, always check pipes and fittings for dirt and internal damage to prevent an eventual negative impact on the reliability of the system.

Tigris K5 | M5
16 - 40 mm



Tigris K1 | M1
50 - 75 mm



Fig. 17: A quick installation guide to get started.

3.3. Detailed installation instructions

3.3.1. Making a press-fit connection



1. Preparation

Always use the right pipe cutter to ensure a proper cut. By using other tools, like e.g. saws the system guarantee is affected.

Combination cutters (with pipe holder) for the dimension 16 – 25 mm, Pipe cutter for the dimension 32 – 75 mm. Make sure the cut is always made perpendicular to the pipe. Remove eventual remaining burrs or sharp edges.



2. Calibration and chamfering

For Tigris K1/M1 calibration and chamfering is always required. For Tigris M5/K5 it is just recommended, especially for 32 and 40 calibration is recommended to reduce push in forces. Only use the original Wavin calibration tools. By using other calibration tools the system guarantee is affected.

- ⦿ Dimensions 16 – 25 mm: all-round chamfer of depth minimal 1 mm. Maximum battery or drilling machine rotation speed should be 500 rpm. Remove accumulated shavings from the calibrating pin.
- ⦿ Dimensions 32 – 75 mm: all-round chamfer of depth minimal 2 mm. Do not use a battery or drilling machine for safety reasons.

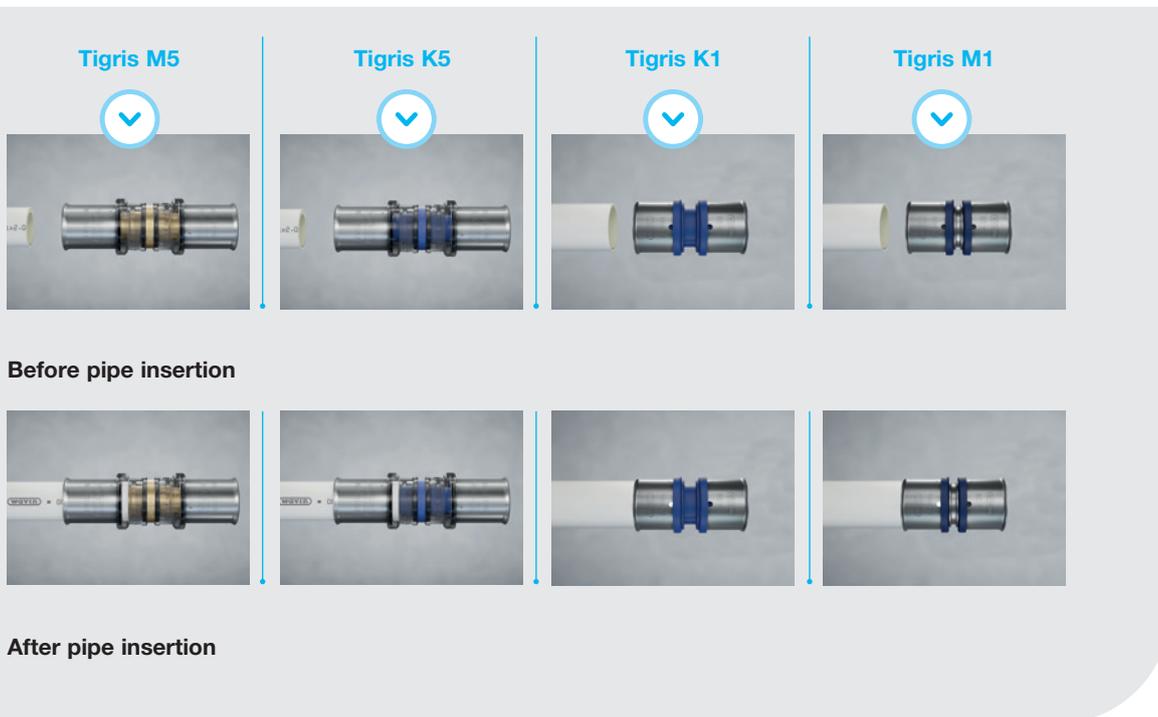
Fig. 18: Cutting the pipe.



Fig. 19: Calibrating the pipe.

3. Push in and check

Make sure the pipe is correctly inserted and is visible in the check window (IN4SURE™).



- ⦿ Tigris K5 and Tigris M5: Push the pipe into the fitting until the stop (visible in fix ring window)
- ⦿ Tigris K1 and Tigris M1: Push the pipe into the fitting until the stop (visible in cap window)

Fig. 20: Checking the correct pipe insertion with IN4SURE™.

4. Execute pressing

Press Systems Tigris K5/M5 and Tigris K1/M1: Always position the jaw perpendicularly between the guides of the cap and fixing. For Tigris K1/M1 only use U press profiles. For Tigris K5/M5 you can use U/Up/B/TH/T profiles, see details about the various cap positions in the sketches below. The pressing itself shall only be executed once per sleeve.

Multiple pressing Jaws

In general all Tigris Radial Press-Fit fittings (up to 75 mm) can be pressed with pressing jaws with the "U" profile. The Tigris K5 and Tigris M5 (16-40 mm) can be pressed with "U", "Up", "TH" ,"H" and "B" profile. Below gives the right positioning of the jaws on the fitting.

Positioning the pressing jaws with:

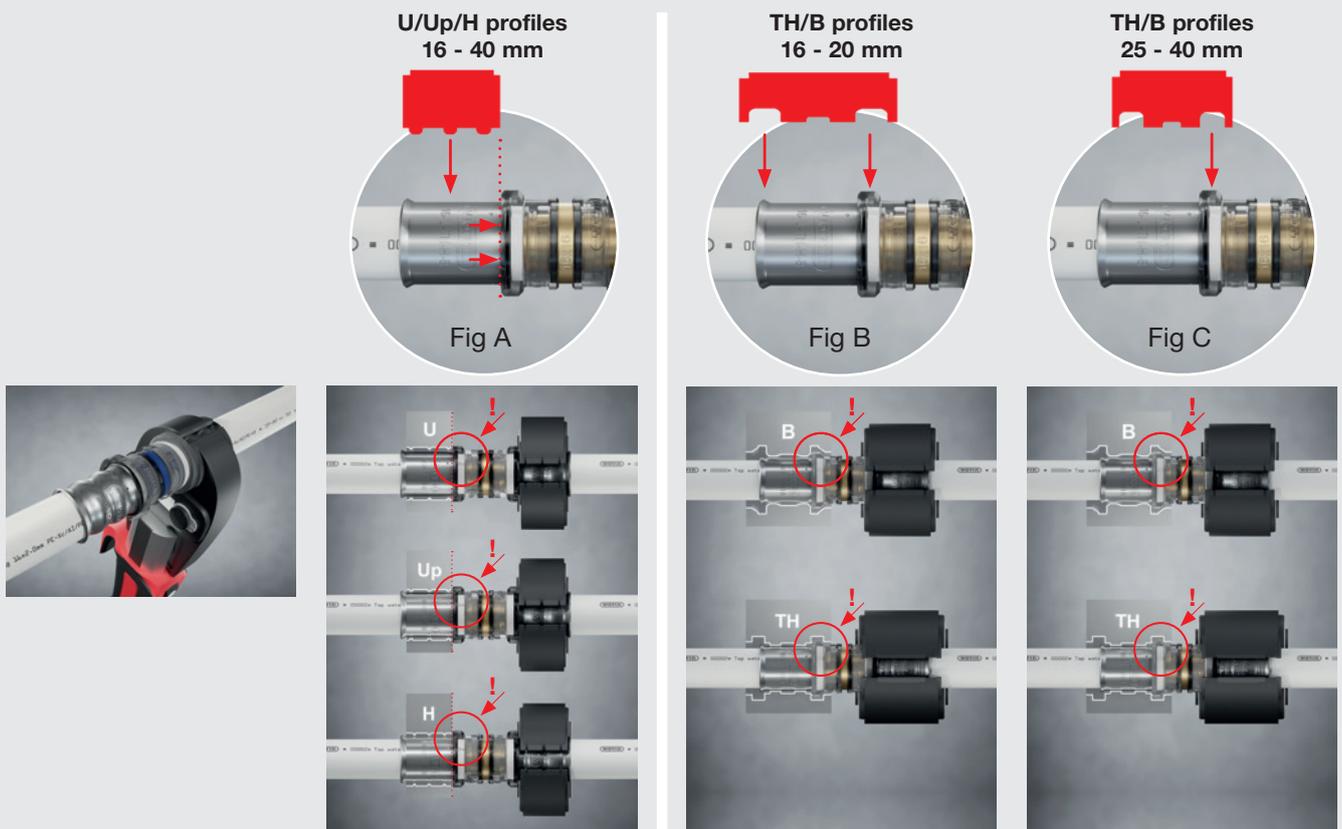


Fig. 21:
Positioning the pressing jaws on the fitting with Tigris K5 and Tigris M5.

- The pressing jaws should cover the metal cap, in between the fix-ring and the metal cap rim.
- Always use the **rim of the fix-ring** as end-stop for all diameters to position the pressing jaw on the metal cap (fig a).

One of the big grooves of the pressing jaws should always cover the fix-ring collar.

- **For 16-20 mm:** one jaw-groove covers the fix-ring, the other jaw-groove covers the metal cap collar (fig. b).
- **For 25-40 mm:** Only the fix-ring is covered by the jaw-groove. The metal cap collar is not covered by the jaw-groove (fig. c).



Tigris K1 and Tigris M1

The pressing jaws must be positioned on the inner collar side of the press sleeve. Always finish your installation with a visual system check and the required pressure tests, following the local procedures.

See chapter 4.3. Cordless and electric press tools for the appropriate pressing tools.

Fig. 22: Positioning the pressing jaws on the fitting with Tigris K1 and Tigris M1.

3.3.2. Pipe bending

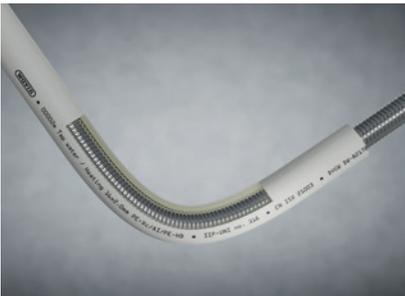


Fig. 23: Bending the pipe with a bending spring.

By bending the pipe the demand of fittings needed for the installation can be reduced. The pipe is easy to bend: by hand, with the aid of the bending spring or using the Wavin bending pliers. Bending springs and bending pliers are preferred to be used to ensure the pipe is not kinked by accident. Larger diameters can be bent with pliers with appropriate dimensions, bending radius min. $3 \times Da$.

Measurement Da x s mm	Bending radius By hand mm	Bending radius Bending spring mm	Bending radius Bending iron mm
16 x 2,0	5 x $\varnothing \approx 80$	4 x $\varnothing \approx 64$	ca. 46
20 x 2,2	5 x $\varnothing \approx 100$	4 x $\varnothing \approx 80$	ca. 52
20 x 2,25	5 x $\varnothing \approx 100$	4 x $\varnothing \approx 80$	ca. 52
25 x 2,5	5 x $\varnothing \approx 125$	4 x $\varnothing \approx 100$	ca. 83
26 x 3,0	5 x $\varnothing \approx 130$	4 x $\varnothing \approx 105$	ca. 88
32 x 3,0	-	-	
40 x 4,0	-	-	
50 x 4,5	-	-	
63 x 6,0	-	-	
75 x 7,5	-	-	

Table 3: Bending radius overview.

3.3.3. Tigris M5 Metal Connector: Assembly instructions



Fig. 24: Transfer coupler to metal and copper pipes with Tigris K5 and Tigris M5.

- ④ Check the copper/metal pipe on damages or burrs. Remove damaged section or burrs before continuing.
- ④ Slide the press connection into the copper fitting and press according to the specifications of the copper fitting manufacturer. A minimum space of 5 mm must be observed between the soldered joint and outer edge of the copper fitting.
- ④ Press the copper fitting on the pipe according to the instructions of the copper fitting supplier.
- ④ Mount the Tigris pipe according to the Tigris M5 and Tigris K5 assembly steps described in the chapter A quick guide to get started

Attention: Do not solder, otherwise the sealing rings on the press transition to copper might be damaged.

3.3.4. Threaded fittings

To ensure a reliable connection to other pipe systems and other components of the installation standardized threaded connectors can be used.

A threaded connection should be made as follows:

- ④ Cover the male thread with PTFE sealing tape or another suitable sealing tape.
- ④ Tighten both screw fittings by hand.
- ④ After tightening the connection by hand, use an open-end wrench to tighten it a maximum of two turns. Avoid at all times that the thread connection is turned to the end of the thread to avoid eventual leaking.
- ④ Do not reverse the fitting.
- ④ If the male thread is fully inserted into the female thread all the way to the end, it should be removed again and more PTFE sealing tape shall be used.

The assembly of a threaded connection must be in accordance with the local standards, like **DIN 30660** and **DIN EN 751-2**. We strongly recommend the use of **PTFE / Teflon Tape** to seal the connection. Alternatively, hemp may be used but only in conjunction with an approved plastic sealing compound such as **Fermit**. Restrict the amount of hemp as too great a quantity can result in damage to the internal threads and cross-threading. When using hemp make sure that the thread tips remain visible. **Check the local regulations about using hemp in drinking water installations.**

3.4. General guidelines for handling and storage



Storage and handling

The Wavin system components are well protected in the original packaging. Nonetheless, all components (fittings and pipes) should be protected from mechanical and environmental damage.



Impairment due to ultraviolet radiation

Wavin multi-layer composite pipes must be protected from direct, intense sunlight and ultraviolet (UV) radiation. This applies both for the storage of the pipes and for finished installation. Storage must therefore not take place in the open air. Suitable measures must be taken to protect finished systems and system components from the effects of UV rays.



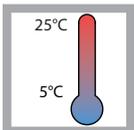
Observe press and push-fit fitting assembly instructions

- ⦿ Always cut the pipe to length at right angles
- ⦿ Tigris K1, Tigris M1: Calibrate and chamfer the pipe end all round
- ⦿ Push the pipe into the fitting to the stop
- ⦿ Check the press or push-fit fitting observation window respectively the transparent fixing
- ⦿ Press in the case of the press fittings
- ⦿ See chapter 3 Detailed installation instructions for further details.



Potential equalisation

Building and electrical regulations, such as DIN VDE 0100-540 VDE 0100-540, demand potential equalisation between earth wires and “conductive“ water, wastewater and heating pipes. As Wavin hot and cold water systems do not represent conductive pipe systems, they cannot be used for potential equalisation and are accordingly not to be earthed. An approved electrician must check that the installation of Wavin Tigris K1/M1, Tigris K5/M5 does not impair the existing electrical protective and earthing measures.



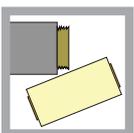
Installation temperature

The installation temperature for Wavin pipe systems should not fall below -10°C. The operating temperatures of the new pressing machines with the Li-ion batteries from the Wavin range must be above -15°C not above 40°C. The optimum processing range for Wavin Tigris K1/M1 system components lies roughly between 5°C and 25°C.



Frost protection

When using Wavin Tigris with pipe networks that require protection from frost (e.g. cold water networks, brine pipes), we recommend the use of ethylene glycol (to protect from risk of freezing). Ethylene glycol can be used up to a maximum concentration of 35%. This concentration roughly corresponds to frost proofing of -22°C. Before using alternative frost protection additives, confirm the suitability/approval with the manufacturer or with Wavin.



Sealing

The assembly of a threaded connection must be in accordance with the local standards, like DIN 30660 and DIN EN 751-2. We strongly recommend the use of PTFE / Teflon Tape to seal the connection. Alternatively, hemp may be used but only in conjunction with an approved plastic sealing compound such as Fermit. Restrict the amount of hemp as too great a quantity can result in damage to the internal threads and cross-threading. When using hemp make sure that the thread tips remain visible. Check the local regulations about using hemp in drinking water installations.

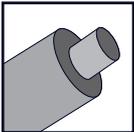


Contact with substances containing solvents

Avoid direct contact of Wavin Hot and Cold Water Systems with solvents or construction materials containing solvents (such as paints, sprays, expanding foams, adhesives [as e.g. Armaflex 520]). Aggressive solvent can lead to negative impact on the plastic material. Because ammonium- chloride and nitrate containing media can cause crack corrosion, the used material and auxiliary materials as well as the surrounding environment must be free of this to avoid impact on the metal material.

Note

Specifically, chemical sealants (e.g. Loctite55) and adhesives (e.g. 2-part adhesives) must not be used. Expanding foams produced on the basis of methacrylate, isocyanate and acrylate must not be used. Under unfavourable circumstances, aggressive chemicals that are present may cause damage to the plastic material. The Wavin systems do not require the use of any chemical substance or additional lubrication during installation. Cold welding agents as used for welding PVC protection foils for pipe insulations, which contain Acetone or Tetrahydrofuran (THF), must not be used.



Insulation

Pipes and connectors always have to be insulated according the local laws or regulations.



Water heaters and flow-type heaters

The white Wavin multi-layer composite pipes are suitable for applications according ISO 10580 for drinking water applications according class 2 and heating applications according class 5 (see table in chapter Thermal Disinfection). Thermal overloading of the composite pipe network must be avoided by taking appropriate safety precautions, including the use of suitably regulated equipment and monitoring equipment. The equipment has to be approved as suitable for this application by the manufacturer.

3.5. Finalizing the installation; leak and pressure tests and flushing

3.5.1. Pressure tests (Defined Leak & Leak Alert)

After finalizing the installation, a leak- and pressure check should be executed. The tests can be executed with water or (clean) pressurized air. Be aware that depending on the circumstances, testing with water might require additional measures to prevent legionella caused by stagnated water afterwards.

Working with pressure always requires taking the necessary precautionary measures!

One of the causes of leakage can be an unpressed connection or wrongly pressed connection.

Wavin Tigris offers 2 time saving ways of easily tracing the untighten connections when executing a pressure test to save time in the final pressure test that is required for installation release; Defined Leak or Acoustic Leak Alert.

3.5.2. Function check with water- Defined Leak

The Defined Leak test serves as an initial check to instantly trace unpressed connections when executing the installation function check. When the function check is carried out with water, the leak from unpressed connections is clearly visually identifiable by dripping water from the fitting. Press the fitting or replace a wrongly pressed fitting to restore the connection.

Repeat the check until all malfunctioning fittings have been properly pressed.

It is advised to always start with carrying out a visual check on the connections (pressed/unpressed) to avoid any damage caused by leaking water.



Fig. 25: Defined leak when testing with water.

After this initial check, the system can be pressurized according to the local required procedures to execute the pressure test. Below you find a summary of a common test procedure for testing with water. Please check your local regulations for local defined procedures in executing the pressure check with water.

Pressure test with water

It is essential that a system pressure test is carried out in line with the relevant local regulations for plastic pipe systems used for drinking water or heating systems. Clean filtered drinking water should be used for the test.

If there are no clear local regulations available then Wavin recommends to use the testing procedures according to DIN 1998 Part 2. The main requirements of the test conditions, including records to be kept are summarised below.

Due to the risk of high pressures, it is common and recommended to execute the water pressure test in 2 steps. A practical and save method is described in the German (BTGA 3002) as well as the Dutch (WB 2.3) testing procedures. These procedures distinguish the following 2 steps:

- 1) check connections on leak tightness
- 2) check connections on pressure resistance

For step 1 the system is stepwise pressurised up to approx. 2,5 bar (WB 2.3) and set for a defined time frame (minimum 10 min for WB 2.3). The pressure on the system is noted at the start and the end of this period. Differences between the initial installation pressure and the pressure after the defined time indicate if the pressure test has been executed successfully (no pressure drop) or if there are leaks (pressure drop).

Wavin Defined Leak has been designed to instantly indicate leaking fittings at this stage of the process. This means that malfunctioning connections can instantly and safe be discovered in a visual way by looking for the dripping fitting. This saves valuable time in diagnosing and tracing a malfunction.

For step 2 the system is pressurized on 1,1 times the maximum working pressure (normally 10 bar) , this means a test pressure of 11 bar. Again the pressure on the system is noted at the begin and the end of the defined time frame (minimum 10 min for WB 2.3).

Differences between initial pressure and final pressure after the defined time indicate if the pressure test has been executed successfully.

Be aware that SAFETY PRECAUTION MEASURES are taken when applying high pressures on the piping system. The results should be recorded and signed for.

Below is an indicative schedule of the leak test procedure as described above.

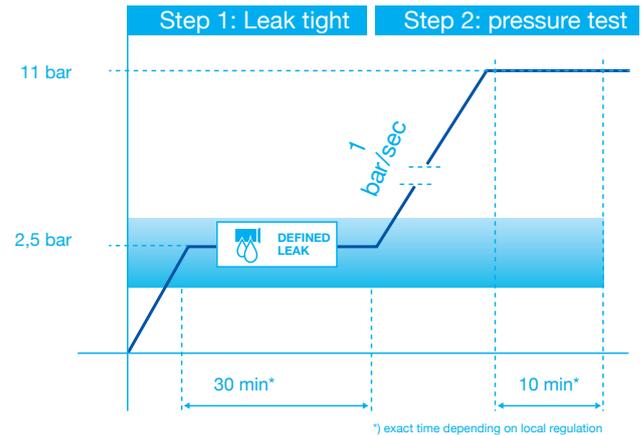


Fig. 26: Pressure test protocol when testing with water.

3.5.3. Function check with air- Acoustic Leak Alert

The Acoustic Leak Alert test serves as an alternative check to instantly trace unpressed connections when executing the installation function check.

With Tigris K5 and Tigris M5 there is now an alternative way to check for unpressed connections with air pressure instead of water.

Testing with air instead of water can be beneficial for several reasons. There is no danger of frosted pipes or water damage, there is no potential legionella risk caused by stagnating water and it is a clean way of testing, that can be executed independently from available water supplies on building sites.

When the function check is carried out with air, the leak from unpressed connections is easily traceable by a loud acoustic whistle sound (around 80 dBA) generated by the leaking connection.

By just following the sound, the connection can be found and pressed or replaced, depending the cause of the leak. Repeat the check until all malfunctioning connections have been properly pressed.



Fig. 27: Acoustic Leak Alert when testing with air.

After this initial check, the system can be pressurised according to the local required procedures to execute the pressure test. Below you find in a summarised way a common test procedure for testing with air. Please check your local regulations for local defined procedures for executing the pressure check with air.

Pressure test with air

Due to the risk of high pressures, it is common and recommended to execute the air pressure test in 2 steps. A practical and save method is described in the German (BTGA 3002) as well as the Dutch (WB 2.3) testing procedures. These procedures distinguish the following 2 steps:

- 1) check connections on leak tightness
- 2) check connections on pressure resistance

For step 1 the system is pressurised at approx. 0,15 bar for a defined time frame (minimal 30 min for BTGA 3002). The pressure on the system is noted at the start and the end of the period. Differences between the initial installation pressure and the pressure after the defined time indicate if the pressure test has been executed successfully.

Wavin Acoustic Leak Alert has been designed to easily indicate leaking fittings at this stage of the process. If a pressure drop is found, leaking fittings can instantly and safely be discovered by an acoustic signal. By pressurising the system starting from 0,15 bar up to 0,3 bar, with a maximum of 0,5 bar (for safety), the leaking fitting will generate a clear and loud whistle. This saves valuable time in diagnosing and tracing a malfunction *.

*) Be aware that Acoustic Leak Alert is just an aid to rapidly find the leaking fitting. It does NOT replace the required leak- and pressure test.

This feature is available for Tigris M5 and Tigris K5 only. In case of a mixture of Tigris M1, M5, K1 and K5 fittings, it is advised to execute the pressure test with water.

For step 2 the system is pressurised, depending of the pipe OD, with 3.0 bar (\leq DN/OD 63 mm) or 1,0 bar ($63\text{mm} > \text{DN/OD} < 110 \text{ mm}$). Again, the pressure on the system is noted at the begin and the end of the defined time frame (minimal 30 min for BTGA 3002).

Differences between initial pressure and final pressure after the defined time indicate if the pressure test has been executed successfully.

Be aware that SAFETY PRECAUTION MEASURES are taken when applying high pressures on the system.

The results should be recorded and signed for.

Below is an indicative schedule of the leak test procedure as described above.

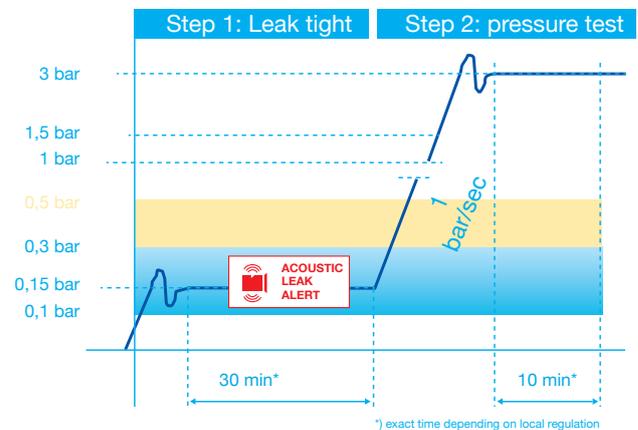


Fig. 28: Pressure test protocol when testing with air.

3.5.4. Flushing

The flushing of tap water pipes is described in detail in DIN 1988-2/EN 806-4. This treatment of the pipe network ensures the quality of the tap water. All pipe sections must be free of contamination and foreign bodies at the time of initial operation. Time delays between flushing and initial operation of the tap water network must be avoided. Please check your country local procedures for the intervals for flushing in case of stagnating water (eg VDI 6023).

3.5.5. Initial operation and handover

According to DIN 1988-2/EN 806-4, the installer of the system must prepare relevant handover and acceptance logs. The system operator must be instructed with respect to the operation of the tap water system created. It is recommended that the instruction being completed is confirmed in writing.

Depending on the scale of the system, the presentation of written operating instructions is advised.

3.5.6. Usage of the Wavin Tigris pressure test plug

The Wavin Tigris pressure test plug is screwed on the pipe that shall be tested. The pipe must completely fill the check window. After the execution of the pressure test, the pressure test plug has to be unscrewed again. The area where the pressure test plug was screwed on the pipe (thread cuts are visible) must be cut off before further processing.



Fig. 29: Pressure check with coupler: 16 mm: 4013571 - 20 mm: 4013572 - 25 mm: 4013573.

3.6. Linear expansion and fixing

The respective current codes of practice must be observed in the installation of Wavin Tigris K5, Tigris M5, Tigris K1, Tigris M1 hot and cold water systems. These systems are to be assembled by trained and qualified professionals and with the appropriate tools only.

3.6.1. Basics

Wavin Tigris K5, Tigris M5, Tigris K1, Tigris M1 Hot and Cold Water Systems are constructed in accordance with the relevant codes of practice.

The mountings used must be adequate for fixing the composite pipe in the respective nominal diameter. Fixing systems with a sound insulation insert are recommended. The expected linear expansion based on maximum temperature feed and line length must be taken into account.

A distinction is generally drawn between fixed points and floating points as fixing methods. Fixed points divide the pipeline element into separate sections. In the case of straight pipe routes, a fixed point is to be applied at the mid-point. No fixed points should be applied directly at fittings that are used for a change of direction. Sufficient stability of the fixed points is required in order to effectively absorb the expansion forces occurring. A short distance to the ceiling must be observed. Vertical lines, such as risers, can generally be installed only with fixed point clips. Here, fixing should be in front of or behind each storey branch. By contrast, floating point fixings guarantee expansion and movement of the pipeline concerned.

For more information about this, please refer to the next chapter.

Use metal clamps with a rubber inlayer to prevent construction born sound. This allows also a little bit of movement without large tension. Do not attach Tigris pipe systems to other piping systems, e.g. soil & waste systems.

3.6.2. Consideration of thermally induced linear expansion

All pipe materials expand on heating and contract on cooling. In the case of the piping for tap water systems (particularly with heated tap water) and heating pipes, the temperature-based linear expansion of the materials must always be considered.

The temperature difference and pipe length constructed determine the length change. For assembly, the movement possibilities for each direction change must be considered.

Irrespective of the pipe size, the coefficient of expansion of Wavin multi-layer composite pipes is 0.025 – 0.030 mm/m.K. The length changes of Wavin multi-layer composite pipes as expected in operation with different pipe lengths and temperature differences can be determined from the following diagram.

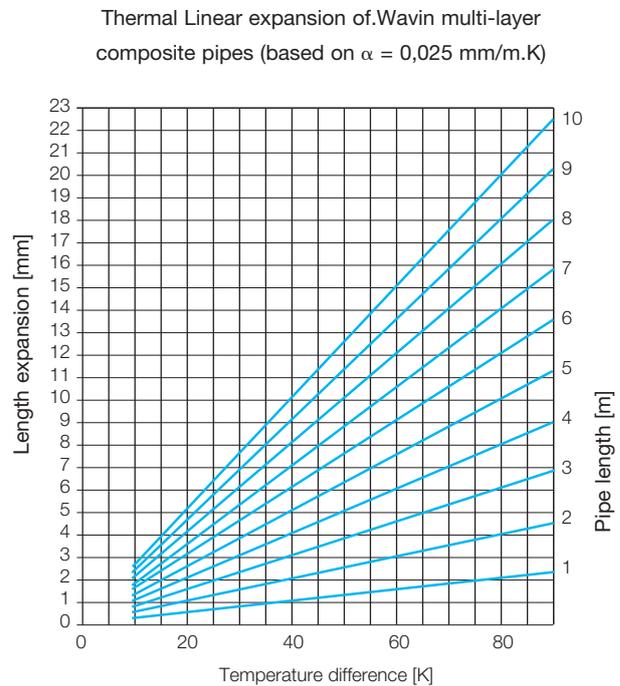


Fig. 30: Thermal Linear expansion.

The length changes can likewise be calculated using the following formula

	$\Delta l = \alpha \times l \times \Delta \vartheta$ Δl = Length expansion (mm) α = Coefficient of length expansion (mm/m.K) l = Pipeline length (m) $\Delta \vartheta$ = Temperature difference (K)
Sample calculation: Given:	Wavin Tigris K1 hot water pipe Pipe length (l) 12 m Lowest ambient temperature 10 °C Mediumtemperature 60 °C
Sought:	Maximum length expansion under operating conditions $\Delta l = \alpha \times l \times \Delta \vartheta$ $60 \text{ K} - 10 \text{ K} = 50 \text{ K}$ $0,025 \text{ mm/m.K} \times 12 \text{ m} \times 50 \text{ K} = 15 \text{ mm}$
Result:	Maximum length expansion under operating conditions = 15 mm

Fig. 31: Calculation example length change.

3.6.3. Absorption of length changes by bending joints

In the case of a change of direction, the thermal length expansion of a pipeline can often be offset within the pipe layout by bending joints and expansion U-bends. The length of the bending joint can be determined by calculation or taken from the diagram below.

Key:

- LB = Length of the bending joint [mm]
- d = External pipe diameter [mm]
- ΔL = Length change [mm]
- C = Material-dependent constant for Wavin multi-layer composite pipe (= 30)
- LB = C d · ΔL

Bending joint classification Wavin multi-layer composite pipe

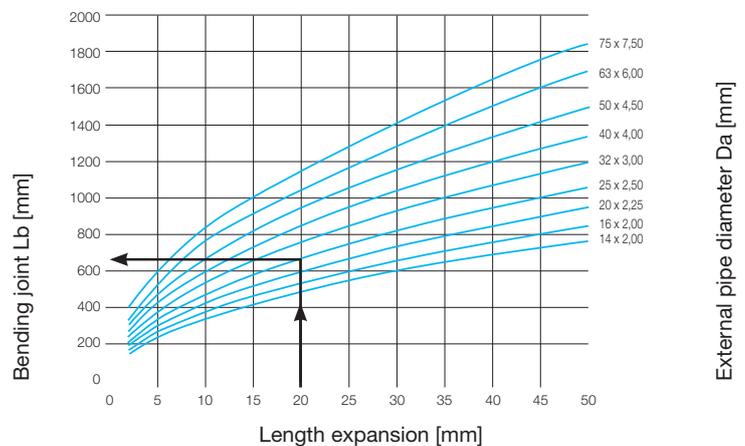
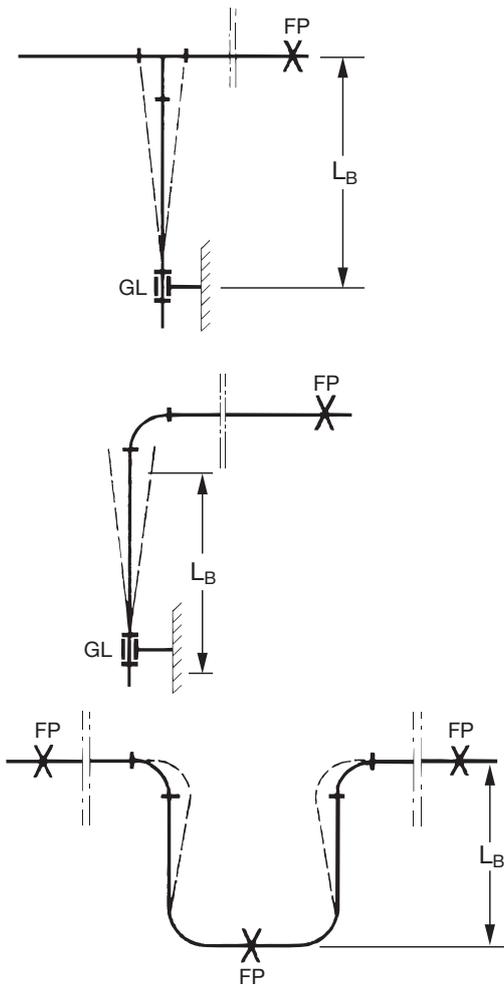


Fig. 32: Bending joint classification of Wavin multi-layer composite pipes.

Given:	Length change $\Delta l = 20$ mm Pipe diameter $d = 25 \times 2,5$ mm Constant c for Tigris K1/M1/smartFIX = 30
Sought:	Length of the bending joints L_B
Result:	650 mm, from diagram above

Fig. 33: Calculation example length bending joints.



FP = Fixed point
GL = Floating point

Fig. 34: Floating and fixed point mounting.

3.6.4. Fixing intervals

Pipelines on a supporting base must be fixed in accordance with DIN 18560-2: 4.1, EN 13813-01. The number of fixing components is essentially dependent on the piping in the respective construction project. As the calculation basis with straight piping, a fixing component can be attached at approx. 1 m pipe length. In the areas of diversion, at least two fixing components are to be affixed (before and after the diversion curve).

Dimension (mm)	Fixing interval (m)
16 x 2,0	1,00
20 x 2,25	1,20
25 x 2,5	1,50
32 x 3,0	1,50
40 x 4,0	1,80
50 x 4,5	1,80
63 x 6,0	2,00
75 x 7,5	2,20

Table 4: Pipe clamp intervals for Wavin multi-layer composite pipes installed in exposed locations.

The type and intervals of the fixings are dependent on pressure, temperature, medium and installation situation. The pipe fixings must be properly designed according to the total mass (pipe weight + weight of the water + weight of the insulation), in accordance with the recognised codes of practice. See below table for pipe masses.

Dimension mm	Pipe mass kg/m	Pipe mass + water kg/m	Pipe mass + water + Iso 9 mm kg/m	Pipe mass + water + Iso 13 mm kg/m
16 x 2,00	0,095	0,202	0,232	0,250
20 x 2,25	0,138	0,330	0,364	0,384
25 x 2,50	0,220	0,558	0,596	0,620
32 x 3,00	0,340	0,942	0,988	1,012
40 x 4,00	0,605	1,605	-	-
50 x 4,50	0,840	2,480	-	-
63 x 6,0	1,340	3,380	-	-
75 x 7,5	2,140	4,967	-	-

Table 5: Pipe masses.

3.7. Concealed installations

3.7.1. Pipes in screed or concrete

Due to the relatively low expansion forces, no compensation measures are required in the case of direct embedding of the pipes. Because of the slight plastic malleability of Wavin multi-layer composite pipes, the length changes are absorbed by the pipe wall. Moreover, the respective local regulations describing the minimum requirements regarding energy use of new and renovated buildings and impact noise insulation must be observed.

Protection against corrosion

When fittings are exposed to aggressive media, like chlorides, ammonia, base environments with $pH > 12,5$, fittings must be protected against corrosion by a sufficient covering, like protection tape (eg Denso).

When build into screed, concrete or plaster above conditions have to be considered and when applicable, protective measures must be taken. This only counts for Tigris M1/M5 fittings.

3.7.2. Pipes in the floor construction

As multi-layer composite pipes can move axially within the insulation with little resistance, the expected length changes must be absorbed. Right angle diversions in the insulating layer must be arranged such that length changes that occur

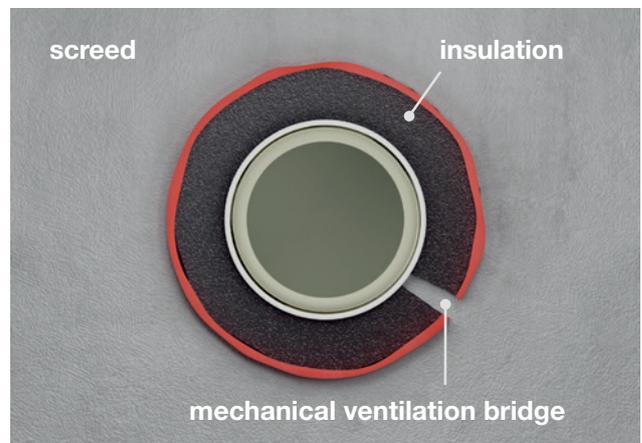


Fig 35: Mechanical vibration transmission through defective pipe insulation.

in the respective sections are absorbed by the insulation thickness in the curve area.

Wavin Hot and Cold Water Systems already laid on the floor are exposed to many potential impacts on site during the construction phase, from scaffolding, ladders or other objects. Therefore caution must be exercised to prevent damage to the pipe/fitting or even the insulation. Before installing further floor construction, a check should therefore be conducted for damage. Any damage to the pipe insulation should be repaired in all cases in order to avoid the risk of the formation of impact noise bridges or reduced sound insulation.

Causes of damage in floating screeds are often due to several pipe strings being installed under the screed plate.

The following principles should be observed when installing pipe strings in the floor construction:

- ④ Use heat and sound insulated pipelines
- ④ Use sound insulated pipe fixing
- ④ Avoid pipe crossings as much as possible
- ④ Install pipelines parallel to walls
- ④ Apply perpendicular junctions of pipelines into neighbouring walls
- ④ Reduce width of the pipe string to a maximum of 120 mm
- ④ Minimum distance between pipelines and walls:
 - ④ 200 mm in corridors
 - ④ 500 mm in the living area
- ④ For piping through screed expansion joints corrugated tube or alternatively 6 mm pipe insulation should be applied.
- ④ Fittings exposed to aggressive media or constantly exposed to moisture must be protected against corrosion by a sufficient covering

3.7.3. Pipelines installed under plaster

Depending on the wall construction and masonry strength, there is a risk that the expansion forces from a multi-layer composite pipe that is plastered-in directly, could cause damage to the wall. Multi-layer composite pipes under plaster should therefore be installed with insulation. This pipe insulation must be able to absorb expected length changes due to heat. In the case of pipelines under plaster for which there is no need for heat insulation, we recommend the use of the Wavin multi-layer composite pipe in black protective tube (see product range).

All pipes and fittings installed under plaster must be protected from direct contact with all building materials (such as masonry, plaster, cement, screed, tile adhesive) as detailed above.

3.7.4. Pipelines installed in exposed locations

Pipelines installed in exposed locations (e.g. basement pipes, risers etc) are fixed depending on the structural conditions and the recognised codes of practice. As appropriate, thermal length changes must be considered with the arrangement of bending joints in conjunction with fixed points and floating points as described in the previous chapter Length expansion and fixing.

4. Technical information

4.1. Technical specifications

4.1.1. Technical specifications MP Pipes

Wavin multi-layer composite pipes: Technical specifications

Range of application	Drinking water installation, radiator connections and underfloor heating	
Pipe colour	white	
Pipe material	PE-Xc pipes Internal layer made of PE-Xc (electron-beam crosslinked polyethylene), external layer made of PE, with an aluminium layer between, connected by special bounding agents	
Classification fire behaviour	DIN EN 13501: E DIN 4102: B2	
Application conditions	Application class	Design temp.
	1	60°C
	2	70°C
	4	20-40-60°C
	5	20-40-80°C
Chilled water*		T_{min} -10°C
Coefficient of thermal expansion	0,025 – 0,030 mm/m·K	
Thermal conductivity	0,4 W/ m·K	
Pipe roughness	0,007mm	

Table 6: Technical specifications of Wavin multi-layer composite pipes .

4.1.2. Technical specifications Fittings

Technical specifications Tigris K5 and Tigris M5

	Tigris K5 (16-40 mm)	Tigris M5 (16-40 mm)
Fitting material	Polyphenylsulfone (PPSU body), press sleeve in stainless steel, threaded inserts: leadfree DZR brass (CW724R)	Brass body (CW 617N/ CW625N/ CW 724R)), press sleeve in stainless steel
Fitting colour	Blue fitting and transparent fixring 	Brass-coloured body and transparent fixring 
Max. constant operating temperature	85°C at 6 bar, 70°C at 10 bar	
Max. short-term load	100°C (at max. 100 hours in 50 years)	
Max. constant operating pressure	10 bar at 70°C	

Table 12: Technical specifications of Tigris K5 and Tigris M5.

Technical specifications Tigris K1 and Tigris M1

	Tigris K1 (50-75mm)	Tigris M1 (50-75mm)
Fitting material	Polyphenylsulfone (PPSU), press sleeve in stainless steel, threaded inserts: leadfree DZR brass (CW724R)	Tin-coated brass (CW617N), press sleeve in stainless steel
Fitting colour	Blue 	Base body tin plated and blue fixring 
Max. constant operating temperature	85°C at 6 bar, 70°C at 10 bar	
Max. short-term load	100°C (at max. 100 hours in 50 years)	
Max. constant operating pressure	10 bar at 70°C	

Table 7: Technical specifications of Tigris K1 and Tigris M1.

4.1.3. Classification of operating requirements for Wavin Multi layer pipe following ISO 21003-1:2008 (E)

Temperature

ISO 21003 disguises the following temperatures:

- ⦿ T_D = Design temperature, maximum exposure 49 years *
- ⦿ T_{max} = Maximum temperature, max. exposure 1 year **
- ⦿ T_{mal} = Malfunction temperature, max. exposure 100 hours

In total summing up a lifetime of 50 years.

The **most relevant is the design temperature**, as this indicates what maximum temperature can be exposed on the pipe on a daily base.

This continuous maximum operating temperature should not exceed 70°C.

When loop circulation is applied for hot water, it is strongly recommended to apply sufficient pipe insulation.

This temperature is mentioned on the pipe between brackets and is directly related to the class. Example: c1(60°C) means application class 1 (hot water supply), design temperature 60°C.

(T_{max} 95°C on the pipe refers to the required max. temperature during the Temperature Cycle Test which is executed to simulate a lifetime of 50 years).

4.1.4. Application class & pressure

ISO 21003 disguises the following application classes:

- ⦿ Class 1 for hot water supply up to 60°C
- ⦿ Class 2 for hot water supply up to 70°C
- ⦿ Class 4 for low-temperature (underfloor) heating/ radiators
- ⦿ Class 5 for high-temperature heating/ radiators

With the application class, the following design pressures are defined:

4 bar, 6 bar, 8 bar, 10 bar.

The pressure class is defined by the pipe configuration: material(s), wall thickness and diameter.

Example: **c15(80°C)/6 bar(0,6 Mpa)** means application class 5 (= high-temperature heating), design temperature.

Class	Design temp.	Years T _D	Years T _{max}	T _{mal}	Hours T _{mal}	Application
1	60 °C	49	1	95 °C	100	Hot water 60 °C
2	70 °C	49	1	95 °C	100	Hot water 70 °C
4	20-40-60 °C*	2,5-20-25*	2,5	100 °C	100	HLow temp. heating
5	20-60-80 °C*	14-25-10*	1	100 °C	100	High temp. heating

*) TD for UFH/ low temp. radiators = 60°C/ 25 years + 40°C/ 20 year + 20°C/ 2,5 year. For high temp. radiators = 80°C/ 10 years + 60°C/ 25 year + 20°C/ 14 year

**) Tmax for UFH/ low temp. radiators max. exposure = 2,5 years

Table 8: Application class according to ISO 21003-1:2008.

4.2 Flow performance

The performance of the installation is related to the pressure loss in the system and the final water flow at the tap point. One of the causes of pressure loss in the systems is related to internal diameters of pipe as well as inner bore of the fitting. The impact of the inner bore (reduction) versus pipe inside diameter is stronger for smaller diameters than with bigger diameters.

With Tigris M5 and Tigris K5, covering the fitting range up to 40 mm, the increase of the bore diameter has significantly contributed to an improvement of flow performance. That's what we call Optiflow.

In following overview the Zeta values of the various fittings and diameters can be found.

4.2.1. Zeta values Tigris M5 & Tigris K5

A water velocity of 2 m/s has been used for the calculation of equivalent pipe lengths:

Nr.	Designation according to DVGW W 575	Graphic symbol according to DVGW W 575 ¹⁾	Zeta value ξ				
			DN 12	DN 15	DN 20	DN 25	DN32
			pipe diameter d_a mm				
			16	20	25	32	40
1	TA		7,8	5,4	3,9	3,2	3,1
2	TD		2,5	1,4	0,8	0,6	0,5
3	TG		7,0	5,0	4,1	2,7	3,1
4	TVA		13,4	9,3	8,1	5,4	7,1
5	TVD		27,4	19,3	13,3	11,2	16,8
6	TVG		18,9	11,7	12,8	9,8	9,3
7	W90		6,4	5,4	3,7	3,0	3,1
8	W45		-	-	1,6	1,3	0,9
9	RED		-	2,6	0,8	0,7	0,9
10	WS		5,7	4,9	5,2	-	-
11	WSD		9,0	6,0	3,8	-	-
12	WSA		7,0	12,2	9,8	-	-
13	STV		-	-	-	-	-
14	K		2,2	1,1	0,8	0,5	0,4

Remark: The Zeta values of Tigris K1, Tigris K5, Tigris M1, Tigris M5 can by exception deviate of the values mentioned in the above table according to DIN 1988- part 300. On request, the specific values can be submitted. The values in the table are the measured values for Tigris M5. These values might only be used indicatively for Tigris K5.

Table 9: Zeta values Tigris K5 and Tigris M5 and equivalent pipe lengths.

4.2.2. Zeta values Tigris M1 & Tigris K1

A water velocity of 2 m/s has been used for the calculation of equivalent pipe lengths:

Nr.	Abbreviation according to DVGW W 575	Graphic symbol according to DVGW W 575 ¹⁾	Zeta value ξ								
			DN 12	DN 15	DN 20	DN 25	DN 32	DN 40	DN 50	DN 65	
			pipe diameter d_a mm					50	63	75	
1	TA		17,2	8,1	5,6	9,3	3,5	3,0	3,1	4,1	
2	TD		6,0	3,6	2,1	4,8	1,1	0,8	0,7	0,8	
3	TG		11,5	6,8	5,3	3,7	3,5	3,0	3,1	4,1	
4	TVA		17,0	10,0	8,0	5,0	5,5	4,5	4,0	3,5	
5	TVD		35,0	23,0	16,0	11,0	10,0	9,0	8,0	7,0	
6	TVG		27,0	17,0	12,0	9,0	8,0	7,0	6,0	5,0	
7	W90		17,3	7,4	5,7	8,3	3,3	3,0	3,5	4,0	
8	W45		3,0	2,5	2,0	1,5	1,3	1,0	1,0	1,0	
9	RED		3,1	2,6	2,0	1,0	0,6	1,3	0,3	0,5	
10	WS		8,1	6,6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
11	WSD		5,0	4,5	4,0	-	-	-	-	-	
12	WSA		4,0	3,5	3,0	-	-	-	-	-	
13	STV		4,5	3,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14	K		3,1	3,5	2,1	5,0	0,9	0,9	0,9	0,7	

Remark: The Zeta values of Tigris K1, Tigris K5, Tigris M1, Tigris M5 can by exception deviate of the values mentioned in the above table according to DIN 1988- part 300. On request, the specific values can be submitted.

Table 10: Zeta values Tigris K1 and Tigris M1 and equivalent pipe lengths according to DIN 1988- part 300.

4.2.3. Pressure loss in pipes for drinking water applications

Drinking water,
nominal dimensions 16-25 mm

Normal dimension (V/l)	16 x 2 mm 12 mm 0,11 l/m		20 x 2,25 mm 15,5 mm 0,19 l/m		25 x 2,5 mm 20 mm 0,31 l/m	
	Vs l/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s	
0,01	0,24	0,12				
0,02	0,80	0,19	0,24	0,15		
0,03	1,39	0,29	0,49	0,18		
0,04	2,26	0,37	0,77	0,23	0,26	0,18
0,05	3,40	0,45	0,98	0,26	0,29	0,20
0,06	4,43	0,55	1,29	0,31	0,34	0,22
0,07	5,80	0,63	1,84	0,39	0,52	0,24
0,08	7,40	0,73	2,25	0,45	0,74	0,26
0,09	8,90	0,82	2,38	0,50	0,84	0,30
0,10	10,81	0,91	3,31	0,54	0,99	0,33
0,15	22,00	1,35	6,51	0,81	2,00	0,49
0,20	37,40	1,81	11,01	1,10	3,30	0,65
0,25	61,24	2,44	15,48	1,31	4,40	0,79
0,30	81,29	2,87	23,70	1,63	6,47	0,97
0,35	104,30	3,34	28,94	1,83	8,35	1,10
0,40	131,80	3,73	41,05	2,17	10,47	1,29
0,45	157,80	4,43	44,04	2,34	13,40	1,44
0,50	191,20	4,84	54,03	2,71	15,70	1,58
0,55	229,40	5,11	71,02	2,96	19,34	1,79
0,60	261,30	5,52	79,60	3,24	21,99	1,94
0,65	299,70	5,91	91,10	3,51	25,30	2,09
0,70	333,76	6,41	99,90	3,77	29,01	2,22
0,75	378,13	6,85	115,40	4,00	33,40	2,41
0,80	425,31	7,26	122,30	4,19	35,70	2,51
0,85			137,20	4,46	39,90	2,67
0,90			154,70	4,80	43,15	2,73
0,95			171,50	5,10	49,10	3,04
1,00			190,40	5,33	52,80	3,11
1,05			208,30	5,60	63,01	3,38
1,10			217,90	5,87	67,40	3,53
1,15			229,40	5,99	70,01	3,70
1,20			243,60	6,27	74,40	3,85
1,25			281,10	6,70	77,20	4,10
1,30			299,40	6,99	81,03	4,32
1,35					86,21	4,50
1,40					99,13	4,62
1,45					101,90	4,84
1,50					103,80	4,99

Table 11: Pressure loss in Wavin Tigris multilayer pipes in the drinking water installation.

Drinking water, nominal dimensions 32-50 mm

Normal dimension (V/l)	32 x 3 mm 25 mm 0,53 l/m		40 x 4 mm 32 mm 0,80 l/m		50 x 4,5 mm 41 mm 1,32 l/m	
	Vs l/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s
0,07	0,21	0,13				
0,08	0,24	0,14				
0,09	0,26	0,16				
0,10	0,31	0,19				
0,15	0,58	0,27	0,27	0,19		
0,20	1,10	0,41	0,35	0,27		
0,25	1,31	0,48	0,55	0,31	0,19	0,18
0,30	1,80	0,56	0,70	0,38	0,25	0,23
0,35	2,51	0,68	0,88	0,42	0,31	0,27
0,40	3,10	0,76	1,14	0,49	0,36	0,32
0,45	3,65	0,85	1,35	0,54	0,45	0,33
0,50	4,45	0,95	1,67	0,60	0,54	0,38
0,55	5,20	1,03	1,99	0,69	0,63	0,41
0,60	6,21	1,14	2,32	0,77	0,70	0,45
0,65	7,01	1,22	2,34	0,81	0,82	0,51
0,70	7,99	1,29	2,99	0,84	0,95	0,55
0,75	9,05	1,40	3,38	0,90	1,08	0,57
0,80	10,64	1,53	3,77	0,97	1,17	0,60
0,85	11,17	1,59	4,38	1,06	0,27	0,62
0,90	13,25	1,72	4,73	1,13	1,43	0,65
0,95	13,73	1,78	5,24	1,19	1,66	0,72
1,00	15,11	1,87	5,65	1,25	1,77	0,79
1,10	18,14	2,06	6,73	1,38	2,07	0,84
1,20	20,99	2,25	7,77	1,47	2,35	0,87
1,30	24,40	2,44	9,04	1,65	2,72	0,96
1,40	27,47	2,65	10,31	1,78	3,16	1,05
1,50	31,20	2,83	11,67	1,91	3,59	1,16
1,60	35,90	3,09	12,98	1,97	4,02	1,24
1,70	39,99	3,21	14,37	2,09	4,61	1,41
1,80	43,71	3,41	16,09	2,26	5,01	1,49
1,90	46,98	3,55	17,57	2,35	5,45	1,65
2,00	54,20	3,81	19,31	2,47	5,99	1,72
2,20	69,27	4,22	23,11	2,78	7,02	1,81
2,40	78,00	4,61	27,01	3,01	8,25	1,89
2,60	87,20	4,94	31,02	3,29	9,45	2,04
2,80	93,34	5,04	35,19	3,46	10,91	2,21
3,00	121,30	3,31	40,04	3,78	12,25	2,31
3,20			45,57	3,99	13,55	2,56
3,40			50,88	4,06	14,48	2,74
3,60			56,17	4,51	18,02	2,99
4,00			66,87	4,94	20,54	3,14
4,20			71,14	5,23	21,74	3,29
4,40			79,14	5,41	23,08	3,47
4,60			85,77	5,66	27,25	3,71
4,80			93,23	5,91	28,88	3,88
5,00			107,12	6,13	30,67	3,89
5,20					32,19	4,02
5,40					33,33	4,08
5,60					34,12	4,12
5,80					39,68	4,33
6,00					43,44	4,56

Drinking water, nominal dimensions 63-75 mm

Normal dimension (V/l)	63 x 6,0 mm 51 mm		75 x 7,5 mm 60 mm	
	Vs l/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s	R mbar/m v m/s
1,00	0,63	0,50	0,27	0,35
1,10	0,74	0,55	0,31	0,39
1,20	0,89	0,59	0,37	0,42
1,30	1,13	0,63	0,42	0,46
1,40	1,21	0,68	0,48	0,50
1,50	1,26	0,75	0,54	0,53
1,60	1,49	0,78	0,61	0,57
1,70	1,60	0,82	0,68	0,60
1,80	1,76	0,89	0,75	0,64
1,90	1,92	0,95	0,83	0,67
2,00	2,10	1,00	0,90	0,71
2,20	2,60	1,12	1,07	0,78
2,40	2,80	1,20	1,25	0,85
2,60	3,20	1,26	1,44	0,92
2,80	3,60	1,35	1,65	0,99
3,00	4,30	1,48	1,86	1,06
3,20	4,90	1,60	2,09	1,13
3,40	5,60	1,70	2,33	1,20
3,60	6,60	1,85	2,58	1,27
4,00	7,20	2,00	3,12	1,41
4,20	8,00	2,10	3,40	1,49
4,40	9,00	2,20	3,70	1,56
4,60	9,40	2,30	4,01	1,63
4,80	9,70	2,40	4,33	1,70
5,00	10,80	2,50	4,66	1,77
5,20	11,00	2,58	5,00	1,84
5,40	11,60	2,62	5,35	1,91
5,60	12,40	2,73	5,71	1,98
5,80	13,80	2,85	6,09	2,05
6,00	15,00	2,94	6,47	2,12
6,25			6,96	2,21
6,50			7,48	2,30
6,75			8,01	2,39
7,00			8,55	2,48
7,25			9,11	2,56
7,50			9,69	2,65
7,75			10,28	2,74
8,00			10,89	2,83
8,50			12,16	3,01
9,00			13,49	3,18
9,50			14,89	3,36
10,00			16,34	3,54

4.2.4. Pressure loss in heating systems

Dimensioning heating systems

For Wavin multi-layer composite pipes installed with Tigris K1, Tigris K5, Tigris M1, Tigris M5 fittings, the aluminum layer guarantees tightness against oxygen diffusion and thus meets the requirements of DIN 4726 (hot water, underfloor heating and central heating)in terms of oxygen tightness.

This makes the Tigris connection system particularly suitable for these heating applications.

The design and calculation of the required pipe diameter can be done in accordance with the relevant technical design rules, determined by the amount of heat to be transported and the applicable pressure losses in the pipe network.

The pressure loss in a pipe network is caused by the pipe friction for the selected pipe diameter and the Sum of individual resistances such as angles, tees, radiators,

Connection angle

The pipe friction losses of Wavin Tigris-K1, Tigris-M1 pipes can be found on the tables on the next pages. By selecting an inlet/ return temperature difference of 10, 15 or 20 K, the pressure loss in Pa/m as well as the speed can be determined directly.

Formulas:

Sum of individual pressure losses:

$$Z = \sum \zeta \cdot \frac{v^2 \cdot \rho}{2} \text{ [Pa]}$$

ζ = Pressure loss Coefficient (Zeta value)

ρ = Density (kg/m³)

v = Velocity (m/s)

Total pressure loss:

$$\Delta p_g = R \cdot l + Z + \Delta p_v \text{ [Pa]}$$

R = Pressure loss in pipe (Pa/m)

l = pipe length (m)

Z = individual pressure loss

Δp_v = Pressure loss heating valve (Pa)

Heating medium mass flow:

$$m = \frac{Q_{HK}}{\Delta t \cdot C} \text{ [kg/h]}$$

Q_{HK} = heat quantity heating circuit (W)

Δt = Temperatur difference inlet/ return (K)

C = specific heat capacity water

= (1,163 Wh/kg · K)

**Pressure loss in multi layer pipes
for heating systems**

Diameters 16-32 mm

Mass flow kg/h	Heatperformance W			Pipe dimensions mm			
	with a delta of (K)			Pressure loss R (Pa/m) + Velocity v (m/s)			
	10	15	20	16 x 20 d _i = 12		20 x 2,25 d _i = 15,5	
				R	v	R	v
8,59	100	150	200	1	0,02		
12,89	150	425	300	3	0,03		
17,19	200	300	400	5	0,04		
21,49	250	375	500	8	0,05		
25,79	300	450	600	10	0,06		
30,09	350	525	700	13	0,09		
34,39	400	600	800	16	0,10		
38,69	450	675	900	19	0,11		
42,99	500	750	1000	22	0,12		
51,59	600	900	1200	30	0,13		
60,18	700	1050	1400	35	0,14		
68,78	800	1200	1600	50	0,16		
77,38	900	1375	1800	61	0,20		
85,98	1000	1500	2000	66	0,21	11	0,10
94,58	1100	1650	2200	81	0,23	18	0,12
103,18	1200	1800	2400	93	0,26	25	0,14
111,76	1300	1950	2600	111	0,29	31	0,16
120,36	1400	2100	2800	119	0,30	38	0,18
128,96	1500	2250	3000	144	0,33	46	0,20
137,56	1600	2400	3200	156	0,35	51	0,22
146,16	1700	2550	3400	177	0,38	58	0,24
154,76	1800	2700	3600	190	0,39	63	0,25
171,96	2000	3000	4000	225	0,43	70	0,27
180,57	2100	3150	4200	247	0,44	79	0,28
189,17	2200	3300	4400	268	0,46	86	0,29
197,76	2300	3450	4600	289	0,49	93	0,30
206,36	2400	3600	4800	320	0,52	98	0,31
214,96	2500	3750	5000	345	0,56	103	0,32
223,56	2600	3900	5200	353	0,58	107	0,34
232,16	2700	4050	5400	365	0,61	112	0,35
240,76	2800	4200	5600	422	0,63	121	0,37
249,36	2900	4350	5800	453	0,65	130	0,39
257,95	3000	4500	6000	471	0,67	140	0,40
266,55	3100	4650	6200	506	0,69	152	0,42
275,15	3200	4800	6400	545	0,71	161	0,43
283,75	3300	4950	6600	587	0,74	167	0,45
292,35	3400	5100	6800	603	0,76	175	0,46
300,94	3500	5250	7000	625	0,77	185	0,47
309,54	3600	5400	7200	663	0,79	199	0,48
318,14	3700	5550	7400	696	0,82	211	0,50
326,74	3800	5700	7600	732	0,83	218	0,51
335,34	3900	5850	7800	765	0,86	226	0,53
343,93	4000	6000	8000	781	0,88	235	0,54
386,93	4500	6250	9000	966	0,98	277	0,61
408,43	4750	7125	9500	1088	1,04	304	0,63
429,92	5000	7500	10000	1067	1,11	351	0,66
451,42	5250	7875	10500			374	0,70
472,91	5500	8250	11000			409	0,72
494,41	5750	8625	11500			439	0,75
515,90	6000	9000	12000			470	0,78
537,40	6250	9375	12500			512	0,83
558,90	6500	9750	13000			545	0,85
580,40	6750	10125	13500			581	0,88
601,89	7000	10500	14000			619	0,91
623,39	7250	10875	14500			666	0,96
644,88	7500	11250	15000			699	0,98
666,38	7750	11625	15500			744	1,01
687,87	8000	12000	16000			786	1,04
709,37	8250	12375	16500			829	1,08
730,87	8500	12750	17000			887	1,11
773,86	9000	13500	18000			987	1,17
795,36	9250	13875	18500			1019	1,21

Table 12: Mass flow, heat performance and pressure loss for Wavin Tigris multilayer Pipes.

Mass flow kg/h	Heatperformance W			Pipe dimensions mm			
				25 x 2,5 d _i = 20		32 x 3,0 d _i = 26	
	with a delta of (K)			Pressure loss R (Pa/m) + Velocity v (m/s)			
	10	15	20	R	v	R	v
171,96	2000	3000	4000	21	0,15		
189,17	2200	3300	4400	25	0,17		
206,36	2400	3600	4800	29	0,18		
214,96	2500	3750	5000	30	0,19		
232,16	2700	4050	5400	34	0,21		
249,36	2900	4350	5800	38	0,22		
257,95	3000	4500	6000	41	0,24	12	0,150
275,15	3200	4800	6400	45	0,25	13	0,156
292,35	3400	5100	6800	51	0,26	15	0,165
300,95	3500	5250	7000	54	0,27	16	0,170
318,14	3700	5550	7400	60	0,29	17	0,176
335,34	3900	5850	7800	66	0,30	19	0,185
343,94	4000	6000	8000	69	0,31	20	0,190
365,43	4250	6375	8500	77	0,33	22	0,200
386,93	4500	6750	9000	85	0,35	24	0,210
408,43	4750	7125	9500	93	0,37	26	0,220
429,92	5000	7500	10000	102	0,39	29	0,230
451,42	5250	7875	10500	108	0,42	32	0,240
472,91	5500	8250	11000	120	0,44	35	0,250
494,41	5750	8625	11500	130	0,46	38	0,260
515,91	6000	9000	12000	140	0,47	41	0,280
537,40	6250	9375	12500	150	0,48	44	0,290
558,90	6500	9750	13000	160	0,50	47	0,300
580,40	6750	10125	13500	171	0,52	50	0,310
601,89	7000	10500	14000	183	0,54	53	0,320
623,39	7250	10875	14500	194	0,56	56	0,330
644,88	7500	11250	15000	206	0,58	59	0,340
666,38	7750	11625	15500	218	0,61	62	0,370
687,88	8000	12000	16000	231	0,63	66	0,380
709,37	8250	12375	16500	244	0,65	70	0,390
730,87	8500	12750	17000	257	0,68	74	0,400
752,36	8750	13125	17500	270	0,70	78	0,410
773,86	9000	13500	18000	284	0,71	82	0,420
795,36	9250	13875	18500	297	0,71	86	0,430
816,85	9500	14250	19000	312	0,72	90	0,440
838,35	9750	14625	19500	327	0,74	94	0,450
859,85	10000	15000	20000	343	0,76	98	0,460
881,34	10250	15375	20500	357	0,78	102	0,470
902,84	10500	15750	21000	374	0,79	107	0,480
924,34	10750	16125	21500	390	0,83	112	0,490
945,83	11000	16500	22000	406	0,84	116	0,500
967,33	11250	16875	22500	422	0,85	121	0,520
988,83	11500	17250	23000	439	0,87	126	0,530
1010,32	11750	17625	23500	456	0,93	131	0,540
1031,82	12000	18000	24000	473	0,94	136	0,550
1053,31	12250	18375	24500	490	0,95	141	0,560
1074,81	12500	18750	25000	508	0,98	146	0,570
1096,31	12750	19125	25500	526	0,99	151	0,580
1117,80	13000	19500	26000	544	1,02	156	0,600
1139,29	13250	19875	26500	562	1,04	161	0,61
1160,79	13500	20250	27000	580	1,05	167	0,62
1182,28	13750	20625	27500	598	1,07	172	0,63
1203,78	14000	21000	28000	616	1,10	177	0,65
1225,27	14250	21375	28500	634	1,11	183	0,66
1246,77	14500	21750	29000	653	1,12	189	0,67
1289,76	15000	22500	30000	672	1,13	201	0,69

Mass flow kg/h	Heatperformance W			Pipe dimensions mm			
				25 x 2,5 d _i = 20		32 x 3,0 d _i = 26	
	with a delta of (K)			Pressure loss R (Pa/m) + Velocity v (m/s)			
	10	15	20	R	v	R	v
1332,76	15500	23250	31000			213	0,71
1375,75	16000	24000	32000			225	0,73
1418,74	16500	24750	33000			237	0,76
1461,73	17000	25500	34000			250	0,79
1504,73	17500	26250	35000			261	0,81
1547,72	18000	27000	36000			277	0,84
1590,71	18500	27750	37000			291	0,86
1633,70	19000	28500	38000			305	0,88
1676,69	19500	29250	39000			319	0,90
1719,69	20000	30000	40000			334	0,92
1762,68	20500	30750	41000			349	0,94
1805,67	21000	31500	42000			364	0,96
1848,66	21500	32250	43000			380	0,99
1891,65	22000	33000	44000			396	1,02

Table 12: Mass flow, heat performance and pressure loss for Wavin Tigris multilayer Pipes.

**Pressure loss in multi layer pipes
for heating systems**

Diameters 40-75 mm

Mass flow kg/h	Heatperformance W			Pipe dimensions mm							
				40x4,0 d _i = 32		50 x 4,5 d _i = 41		63 x 6,0 d _i = 51		75 x 7,5 d _i = 60	
	with a delta of (K)			Pressure loss R (Pa/m) + Velocity v (m/s)							
	10	15	20	R	v	R	v	R	v	R	v
859,84	10000	15000	20000	37	0,30	12	0,19	4	0,13	2	0,09
945,82	11000	16500	22000	44	0,33	14	0,21	5	0,14	3	0,09
1031,81	12000	18000	24000	52	0,36	16	0,23	6	0,15	3	0,10
1117,79	13000	19500	26000	59	0,39	18	0,25	7	0,16	4	0,11
1203,78	14000	21000	28000	67	0,42	21	0,27	8	0,17	4	0,12
1289,76	15000	22500	30000	75	0,45	24	0,29	9	0,18	4	0,13
1375,75	16000	24000	32000	84	0,48	27	0,30	10	0,19	5	0,14
1461,73	17000	25500	34000	94	0,51	30	0,32	11	0,21	6	0,15
1547,72	18000	17000	36000	104	0,54	33	0,34	12	0,22	6	0,16
1633,70	19000	28500	38000	114	0,58	36	0,36	13	0,23	7	0,16
1719,69	20000	30000	40000	124	0,62	39	0,38	14	0,24	7	0,17
1805,67	21000	31500	42000	136	0,65	42	0,39	15	0,25	8	0,18
1891,65	22000	33000	44000	148	0,68	45	0,41	16	0,26	9	0,19
1977,64	23000	34500	46000	160	0,71	49	0,43	18	0,27	9	0,20
2063,62	24000	36000	48000	172	0,74	53	0,45	20	0,29	10	0,21
2149,61	25000	37500	50000	185	0,77	57	0,47	21	0,30	11	0,22
2235,59	26000	39000	52000	199	0,80	61	0,49	22	0,31	12	0,22
2321,58	27000	40500	54000	213	0,83	65	0,50	24	0,32	12	0,23
2407,56	28000	42000	56000	227	0,86	69	0,52	25	0,33	13	0,24
2493,55	29000	43500	58000	241	0,89	74	0,54	26	0,34	14	0,25
2579,53	30000	45000	60000	255	0,92	79	0,56	27	0,35	15	0,26
2665,52	31000	46500	62000	271	0,95	83	0,58	29	0,36	16	0,27
2751,50	32000	48000	64000	287	0,98	88	0,60	33	0,38	17	0,28
2837,48	33000	49500	66000	303	1,01	93	0,62	34	0,39	18	0,28
2923,47	34000	51000	68000	319	1,04	98	0,64	35	0,40	19	0,29
3009,45	35000	52500	70000	335	1,07	103	0,66	37	0,41	19	0,30
3095,44	36000	54000	72000	353	1,10	108	0,67	38	0,42	20	0,31
3181,42	37000	55500	74000	371	1,13	113	0,69	40	0,44	21	0,32
3267,41	38000	57000	76000	389	1,16	119	0,71	44	0,45	22	0,33
3353,39	39000	58500	78000	407	1,19	125	0,73	46	0,46	24	0,34
3439,38	40000	60000	80000	426	1,22	131	0,75	47	0,47	25	0,34
3525,36	41000	61500	82000	446	1,25	137	0,77	49	0,48	26	0,35
3611,34	42000	63000	84000	465	1,28	143	0,78	52	0,50	27	0,36
3697,33	43000	64500	86000	485	1,31	149	0,80	54	0,51	28	0,37
3783,31	44000	66000	88000	505	1,34	155	0,82	56	0,52	29	0,38
3869,30	45000	67500	90000	525	1,37	161	0,84	58	0,53	30	0,39
3955,28	46000	69000	92000	546	1,40	167	0,85	59	0,55	31	0,40
4041,27	47000	70500	94000	568	1,43	173	0,87	63	0,56	33	0,41
4127,25	48000	72000	96000	590	1,46	180	0,89	64	0,57	34	0,41
4213,24	49000	73500	98000	612	1,49	187	0,91	66	0,58	35	0,42
4299,22	50000	75000	100000	634	1,52	194	0,93	69	0,59	36	0,43
4406,70	51250	76875	102500	663	1,55	203	0,95	74	0,61	38	0,44
4514,18	52500	78750	105000	693	1,59	212	0,97	78	0,63	40	0,45
4621,66	53750	80625	107500	722	1,63	221	0,99	80	0,65	41	0,46
4729,14	55000	82500	110000	752	1,67	230	1,02	84	0,66	43	0,47
4836,62	56250	84375	112500	784	1,71	239	1,04	86	0,67	45	0,48
4944,11	57500	86250	115000	816	1,75	248	1,06	90	0,69	47	0,50
5051,59	58750	88125	117500	848	1,79	258	1,09	93	0,70	48	0,51
5159,07	60000	90000	120000	880	1,83	268	1,12	96	0,72	50	0,52
5374,03	62500	93750	125000	948	1,90	289	1,16	100	0,75	54	0,54
5588,99	65000	97500	130000	1016	1,98	310	1,21	112	0,78	58	0,56

Table 12: Mass flow, heat performance and pressure loss for Wavin Tigris multilayer Pipes.

Mass flow kg/h	Heatperformance W			Pipe dimensions mm							
				40x4,0 d _i = 32		50 x 4,5 d _i = 41		63 x 6,0 d _i = 51		75 x 7,5 d _i = 60	
	with a delta of (K)			Pressure loss R (Pa/m) + Velocity v (m/s)							
				10	15	20	R	v	R	v	R
5803,95	67500	101250	135000			332	1,25	119	0,80	62	0,58
6018,91	70000	105000	140000			354	1,30	125	0,82	66	0,60
6448,83	75000	112500	150000			400	1,39	145	0,90	74	0,65
6878,76	80000	120000	160000			449	1,48	161	0,94	83	0,69
7308,68	85000	127500	170000			501	1,58	182	1,02	93	0,73
7738,60	90000	135000	180000			555	1,67	198	1,08	103	0,78
8168,52	95000	142500	190000			610	1,76	218	1,12	113	0,82
8598,45	100000	150000	200000			671	1,85	242	1,20	124	0,86
9028,37	105000	157500	210000			733	1,95	260	1,23	135	0,91
9458,29	110000	165000	220000			797	2,04	288	1,40	147	0,95
9888,22	115000	172500	230000					309	1,37	159	0,99
10318,14	120000	180000	240000					336	1,40	172	1,03
10748,06	125000	187500	250000					361	1,49	185	1,08
11177,99	130000	195000	260000							198	1,12
11607,91	135000	202500	270000							212	1,16
12037,83	140000	210000	280000							226	1,21
12467,76	145000	217500	290000							241	1,25
12897,68	150000	225000	300000							256	1,29
13327,60	155000	232500	310000							271	1,34
13757,52	160000	240000	320000							287	1,38
14187,45	165000	247500	330000							304	1,42

Table 12: Mass flow, heat performance and pressure loss for Wavin Tigris multilayer Pipes.

4.3. Pressing Tools

In this chapter all details can be found on the tools that should be used for Wavin Tigris applications. Use the proper tools to ensure a Wavin System warranty.

4.3.1 Wavin pressing jaws and alternative brand pressing profiles

External certification in accordance with DIN EN ISO 21003-3 and 5:2008-11 is carried out exclusively on the basis of press joints created using Wavin Tigris fittings and pipes and Wavin press tools and jaws with the approved profiles.

The following pressing profiles are released for Wavin Tigris with system warranty:

- ⦿ Tigris K5, Tigris M5 allow the following pressing profiles: U, Up, TH, H, B

They cover the diameter ranges
16, 20, 25, 26, 32, 40 mm

- ⦿ Tigris K1 and Tigris M 1 allow the following pressing profile: U

They cover the diameter ranges
50, 63, 75 mm

If a different press tool is used, it must meet the minimum requirements listed below (e.g. linear thrust of 30 – 34 kN, use a suitable pressing jaw fixture etc) and must be technically flawless. This means it must be serviced and maintained according to the manufacturer's specifications.

For the purpose of liability and security, we recommend contacting the respective manufacturer for proof of suitability. In the event that a complaint is made and the damage can be traced back to an unsuitable press tool from a different manufacturer, Wavin shall carry no responsibility or liability.

For the correct way of positioning the pressing jaws, see chapter 4: Execute pressing (page 22).

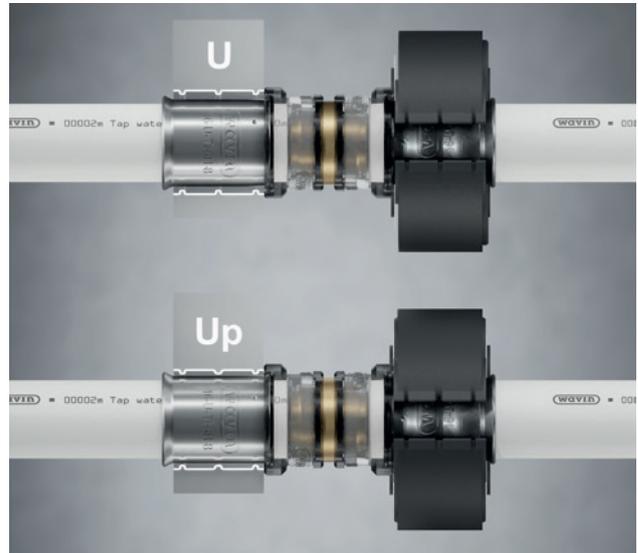


Fig. 36: Released pressing profiles for Tigris K1/K5, Tigris M1/M5.

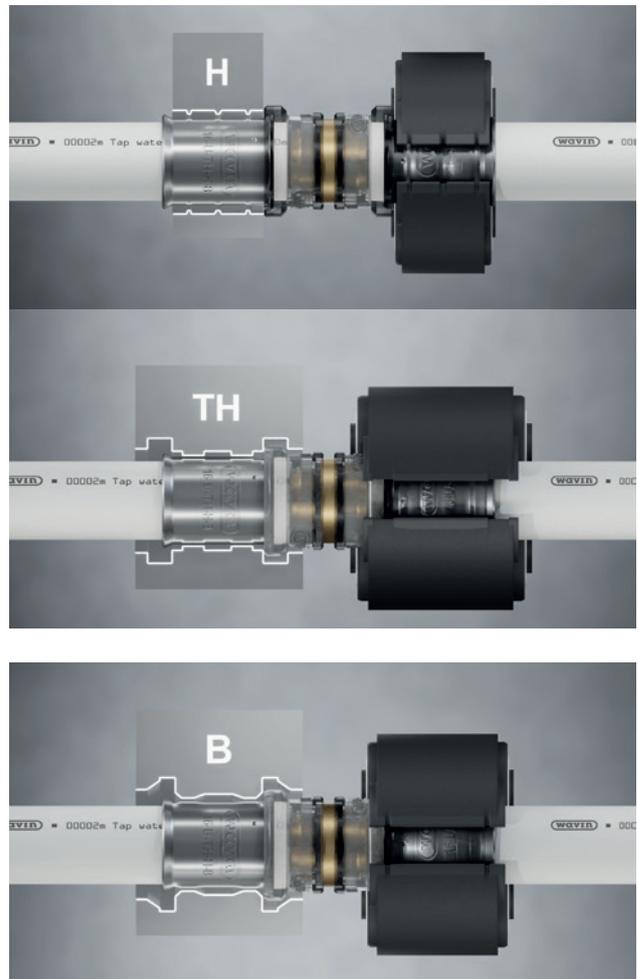


Fig. 37: Released pressing profiles for Tigris K5, Tigris M5.

The press tools must meet the following requirements:

- ④ The press tool must be operated and serviced according to the respective manufacturer guidelines. The Wavin assembly guidelines must be complied with.
- ④ The “mini” press (16 - 32 mm) must provide a linear thrust of at least 19 +2 kN, for 16 – 40 mm.
- ④ The “cordless” press (16 -75 mm) must provide a linear thrust of at least 32 +/-2 KN.
- ④ The bolt geometry of the press tool must be suitable for the Wavin pressing jaws.

To check the compatibility of Wavin Tigris K1/M1 & Tigris K5/M5 pressing jaws with alternative brand press tools, please see table 13 in chapter 4.3.3

To check the compatibility of Wavin Tigris K1/M1 & Tigris K5/M5 pressing jaws with alternative brand press tools, please see table 14 chapter 4.3.3

4.3.2. Cordless and electric press tools

Wavin press-tools are supplied to the highest quality and manufacturing standards. Under correct operation and when all the necessary device inspections are carried out at regular intervals, the press tool warranty runs for 24 months from the despatch date or for 10,000 pressing operations whichever is sooner. Please refer to the respective press tool operating instructions for further details on operation and maintenance. The warranty is activated from the day of despatch from Wavin.

The warranty does not cover any damage caused by improper handling or failure to observe the operating instructions or use with pipes or fittings not supplied by Wavin. Warranty services may be provided by the manufacturer only. Claims shall only be accepted if the device is supplied to the manufacturer fully intact, fully documented and with no interventions.



Fig. 38: Wavin pressing tool and pressing jaws.

Inspection and service

The reliable performance of the press tool is dependent on careful handling. This is an important requirement for the tool to ensure long-lasting joints. The device requires regular service and maintenance. For any fault or fault message check in the manual included with the tool.

Only a clean and operational press tool can ensure a long-lasting sealed joint. The pressing jaws must only be used for their intended purpose of pressing Wavin Tigris fittings and should only be replaced by a qualified technicians.

4.3.3. Overview of compatible press tools

Table 13 shows the compatibility overview of Wavin Tigris K5/M5 & K1/M1 fittings with permitted press jaw profiles and alternative brand electrical and battery press tools. This table only lists “compatible devices” with a pressing force of 32 kN (± 2 kN) and 40 mm piston stroke.

Table 14 shows the compatibility overview of Wavin Tigris K5/M5 & K1/M1 fittings with permitted press jaw profiles and mini press tools from alternative brands. This table only lists “compatible devices” with a pressing force of 19 kN (+ 2 kN) and only combinations of a single brand; The press jaws are intended for the mini press tool according to the manufacturer's specifications.

The use of tools or tool combinations other than those stated in the overview in table 14 is at your own risk and excludes any liability on the part of Wavin.

Release of other combinations only after written approval from Wavin.

Brand	Type	Force ²⁾	Tigris M5 16-40mm	Tigris K5 16-40mm	Tigris M1 50-75mm	Tigris K1 50-75mm
Wavin	ACO 202/203	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
	ECO 202/203	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hilti	NPR32-A	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
Klauke	UAP 332/ 3L/2	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
	UAP 432/ 4L/4	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
Novopress	ACO 202/203	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
	ECO 202/203	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
REMS	Power-Press/ACC/SE	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Akku-Press/ACC	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ridgid	RP340	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
Roller	Unipress ACC/SE	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Multipress	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
Rothenberger	Romax 3000 AC	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Romax 4000	32 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓
Released pressing profiles			U,Up,TH,H,B ¹⁾	U,Up,TH,H,B ¹⁾	U	U

Notes: Pressings can only be guaranteed, if the pressing tools are handled and serviced according to the prescribed maximum pressings and periodic service intervals, following the manufacturer specifications.

¹⁾ As far as the pressing profile is available in the specific dimension

²⁾ Calibrated minimum pressing force of the pressing tool.

Table 13: Power pressing tools (32 kN).

Pressing machine + pressing jaws single brand combination ¹⁾			Tigris M5/ Tigris K5 16-40mm					Tigris M1/ Tigris K1 50-75mm
Brand	Type	Pressing profiles ²⁾ Force ³⁾	U	Up	TH	H	B	U/Up
Wavin	ACO 102/ 103	19 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hilti	PR19-A	19 kN	✓	✓	✓	*	*	✓
Klauke	AP 219/ 2L19	19 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓	*	✓
Novopress	ACO 102/ 103	19 kN	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ridgid	RP219	19 kN	✓	✓	✓	*	*	✓
Rothenberger	Romax Compact TT	19 kN	✓	✓	*	*	*	✓

- ✓ Released 16-40
* Not tested. Release on request only.

Notes:

Pressings can only be guaranteed, if the pressing tools are handled and serviced according to the prescribed maximum pressings and periodic service intervals, following the manufacturer specifications.

- ¹⁾ Other pressing tool /pressing jaw combinations to be released on request
²⁾ As far as the pressing profile is available in the specific dimension
³⁾ Calibrated minimum pressing force of the pressing tool.

Table 14: Mini pressing tools (19 kN).

5. Use of chemicals

5.1. Disinfection of drinking water pipelines

The Wavin multilayer composite pipes are designed for use in the drinking water installation and certified accordingly, so that they can be used without any problems and a hygienically flawless installation can be established.

Disinfection measures are therefore normally not necessary. If, however, there is a compelling necessity due to a case of contamination, this is to be considered as an immediate emergency measure to return the installation to a serviceable condition.

The actual cause of the contamination (faulty operation, structural defects) must be rectified. Frequently recurring disinfections to maintain the serviceability of the installation must be avoided and do not correspond to the state of the art. If these are necessary, rehabilitation is to be preferred to installation. Frequent disinfections have a negative influence on the service life of an installation.

5.2. Thermal Disinfection

Usually conditions and parameters for thermal disinfection of drinking water systems foresee that “each tapping point must be exposed to at least 70 °C for at least 3 minutes when the outlet is open. Therefore, the water in the DHW heater must be heated above 70 °C. Temperature and duration are to be observed at all times. The outlet temperature must be “checked” at each tapping point.” (According DVGW Worksheet W551).

Disinfection of the Wavin Tigris multi-layer composite pipes is possible using the method described. Classification of operating conditions according to ISO 10508 must be observed.

The Wavin installation pipe systems are designed for drinking water installations according to application class 2 and for heating installations suitable according to application class 5. See below table.

Classification of service conditions ISO 21003-1:2008

Class	Design temp.	Years T_D	Years T_{max}	T_{mal}	Hours T_{mal}	Application
1	60 °C	49	1	95 °C	100	Hot water 60 °C
2	70 °C	49	1	95 °C	100	Hot water 70 °C
4	20-40-60 °C*	2,5-20-25*	2,5	100 °C	100	Low temperature heating
5	20-60-80 °C*	14-25-10*	1	100 °C	100	High temperature heating

T_D = design temperature

T_{max} = maximum temperature

T_{mal} = malfunction temperature

Table 15: Classification of service conditions- ISO 21003-1:2008 (E).

5.3. Chemical Disinfection

In general, the Wavin Tigris pipe can be disinfected chemically but certain aspects shall be taken into consideration. Especially long duration applications could have an impact on the life-time applications have impact on the life-time expectations of the system. For further information please contact your technical advisor at Wavin.

By following the rules of DVGW Code of Practice W 291 the implementation of chemical disinfection measures is regulated. The parameters described there such as active substances, concentrations, maximum temperatures and duration of application must be observed. The Wavin Tigris multi-layer composite pipe can be disinfected with the disinfectants described in the worksheet, but the dosages of the chemicals must not be exceeded.

5.4. List of allowed chemicals

The following chemicals have been tested and have been released for operation with the Tigris MP systems.

Products	MP pipe	Tigris M1 / M5	Tigris K1 / K5
Ethylene glycol/ propylene glycol < 35%	✓	✓	✓
Teflon / PTFE tape	✓	✓	✓
Hemp + Fermit	✓	✓	✓
Loctite 55	✓	✓	✗
Paints, sprays, (2-part) adhesives [as e.g. Armaflex 520]	✓	✓	✗
Cold welding agents contain Acetone or Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	✓	✓	✗
Air pressurized system, based on oil free systems according to ISO 8573-1, class 1	✓	✓	✓
Returned Osmosis water	✓	✗	✓
Sodium hydroxide < 0,5%	✓	✓	✓
Tolyltriazole <0,5%	✓	✓	✓

Application of solvents containing stress corrosion cracking media, like ammonium- chloride and nitrate must be avoided.

Chemical Shock disinfection

Disinfectant	Max. concentration	Max. temperature	Max. time	Max. number of cycles*
Chlordioxid ClO ₂	6 ppm as ClO ₂	< 23 C	12 h	5
Hypochlorite Cl ₂	50 ppm as Cl ₂	< 23° C	12 h	5
Hydrogen peroxide H ₂ O ₂	150 ppm	< 23° C	12 h	5
Potassium Permanganate KMnO ₄	12 ppm	< 23° C	12 h	5

Above overview is just a short list. Please contact your local sales representative In case of doubts.

* Based on a desired lifetime of 50 years

Table 16: Overview of allowed chemicals.

6. Certifications

Wavin Tigris systems holds the following certifications:

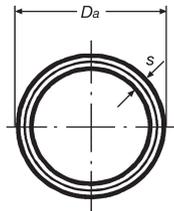
Approval/ Quality Mark	Country
VA + GDV	Denmark
ATG	Belgium
NF	France
IIP-UNI	Italy
WRAS	United Kingdom
KOMO / KIWA	Netherlands

Approval/ Quality Mark	Country
B-Mark	Poland
STF	Finland
DVGW	Germany
RISE	Sweden
SINTEF	Norway

Wavin Tigris K5

Product details **Press-fit Plumbing System**

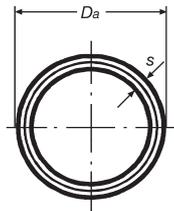
Pipe



Pipes – Straight Lengths

Material: HDPE, Aluminium and PEX-c

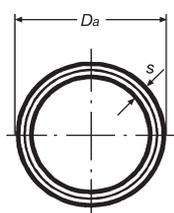
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions		
		Dia (mm)	Size (mm)	Length (m)
16 x 2.0	3072958	16	2.00	3
16 x 2.0	3061211	16	2.00	5
20 x 2.25	3072989	20	2.25	3
20 x 2.25	3061212	20	2.25	5
25 x 2.5	3072990	25	2.50	3
25 x 2.5	3061213	25	2.50	5
32 x 3.0	3070827	32	3.00	3
32 x 3.0	3041228	32	3.00	5
40 x 4.0	3041229	40	4.00	5



Pipe – Coils

Material: HDPE, Aluminium and PEX-c

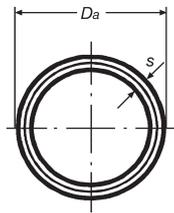
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions		
		Dia (mm)	Size (mm)	Length (m)
16 x 2.0	3018297	16	2.00	100
16 x 2.0	3018302	16	2.00	200
16 x 2.0	3061202	16	2.00	500
20 x 2.25	3018299	20	2.25	100
25 x 2.5	3018300	25	2.50	50
32 x 3.0	3018301	32	3.00	50



Pipe – Coil 9mm Pre-insulated

Material: HDPE, Aluminium and PEX-c

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Col.	Dimensions		
			Dia (mm)	Size (mm)	Length (m)
32 x 3.0	3018804	○	32	3.00	25

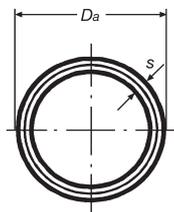


Pipe – Coils 9mm Pre-insulated

- For drinking water and heating installations
- Pipe insulation: round extruded insulation from foamed PE with co-extruded, moisture-resistant PE foil (red colour)
- 9mm insulation for cold water pipes according to DIN 1988 Part 2 and heating pipes according to the Energy Saving Ordinance (EnEV) Aging and form-resistant
- Building materials class: B2, normal flammability, according to DIN 4102
- Thermal conductivity: 0.040 W/mK
- Additional continuous insulation against impact noise is essential

Material: PE, HDPE, Aluminium and PEX-c

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Col.	Dimensions		
			Dia (mm)	Size (mm)	Length (m)
16 x 2.0	3004378	●	16	2.00	50
20 x 2.25	3004379	●	20	2.25	50
25 x 2.5	3071219	●	25	2.50	25
16 x 2.0	3071220	●	16	2.00	50
20 x 2.25	3071221	●	20	2.25	50
25 x 2.5	3071222	●	25	2.50	25



Pipes – Coils 13mm Pre-insulated

- For drinking water and heating installations
- Pipe insulation: round extruded insulation from foamed PE with co-extruded, moisture-resistant PE foil (red colour)
- 13mm insulation for cold water pipes according to DIN 1988 Part 2 and heating pipes according to the Energy Saving Ordinance (EnEV) Aging and form-resistant
- Building materials class: B2, normal flammability, according to DIN 4102
- Additional continuous insulation against impact noise is essential

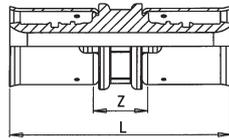
Material: PE, HDPE, Aluminium and PEX-c

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Col.	Dimensions		
			Dia (mm)	Size (mm)	Length (m)
16 x 2.0	3004380	●	16	2.00	50
20 x 2.25	3004381	●	20	2.25	50
25 x 2.5	3070529	●	25	2.50	25
16 x 2.0	3071224	●	16	2.00	50
20 x 2.25	3071225	●	20	2.25	50
25 x 2.5	3071226	●	25	2.50	25

Wavin Tigris K5

Product details **Press-fit Plumbing System**

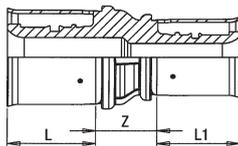
Couplers



Straight Coupler

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
16	3079754	68	18
20	3079755	69	17
25	3079756	78	18
32	3079757	78	18
40	3079758	101	19

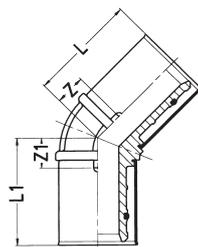


Reducing Coupler

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)		
		L	L1	Z
20 x 16	3079759	26	25	19
25 x 16	3079760	30	25	19
25 x 20	3079761	30	26	19
32 x 20	3079762	30	26	19
32 x 25	3079763	30	30	19
40 x 32	3079764	41	30	20

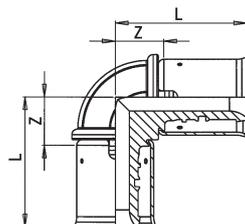
Elbows



Elbow 45°

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

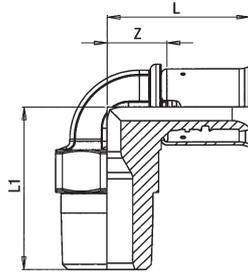
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)			
		L	L1	Z	Z1
25	3079774	30	30	14	14
32	3023499	30	30	15	15
40	3079775	41	41	17	17



Elbow 90°

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

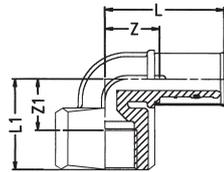
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
16	3079768	25	17
20	3079769	26	20
25	3079770	30	22
32	3079771	30	26
40	3079772	41	29



Elbow 90° – Single Male BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

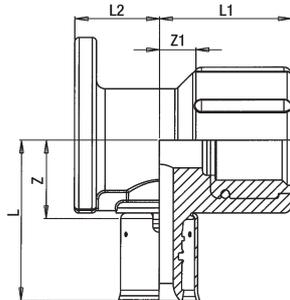
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)		
		L	L1	Z
16 x 1/2"	3079776	43	35	18
20 x 1/2"	3079777	45	41	19
20 x 3/4"	3079778			
25 x 3/4"	3079779	52	44	22
25 x 1"	3079780	55	50	25
32 x 1"	3079781	55	54	25



Elbow 90° – Single Female BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)			
		L	L1	Z	Z1
16 x 1/2"	3079782	49	34	24	17
20 x 1/2"	3079783	50	34	24	17
20 x 3/4"	3079784	53	36	27	18
25 x 3/4"	3079785	57	36	27	18
32 x 1"	3079786	57	36	27	18



Backplate Elbow – Female BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)				
		L	L1	L2	Z	Z1
16 x 1/2"	3079854	49	28	22	24	11
20 x 1/2"	3079855	50	28	22	24	11
20 x 3/4"	3079856	50	28	22	24	11



Toilet Tank Elbow

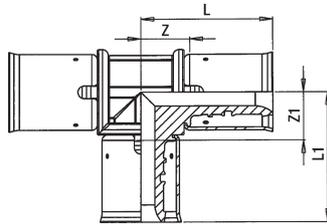
Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16 x 1/2"	3083259

Wavin Tigris K5

Product details **Press-fit Plumbing System**

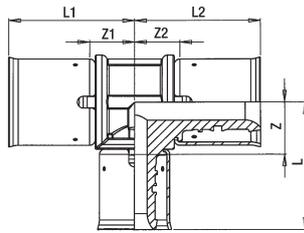
Tees



Equal Tee

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

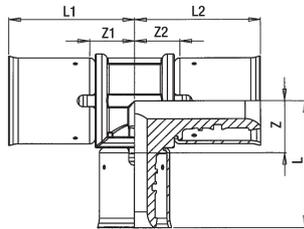
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)			
		L	L1	Z	Z1
16	3079811	42	42	20	20
20	3079812	46	46	20	20
25	3079813	52	52	22	22
32	3079814	52	52	22	22
40	3079815	70	70	29	29



One End Reduced Tee

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

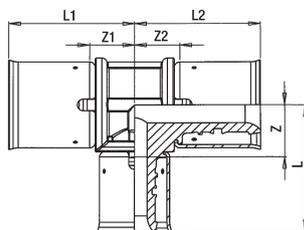
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)					
		L	L1	L2	Z	Z1	Z2
20 x 20 x 16	3079824	46	43	46	20	20	20



Double End Reduced Tee

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

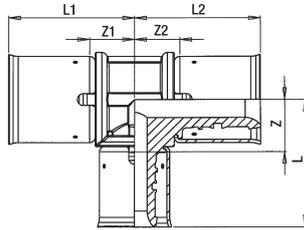
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)					
		L	L1	L2	Z	Z1	Z2
16 x 20 x 16	3079821	43	44	44	17	20	20
20 x 25 x 20	3079826	49	46	48	19	22	22
25 x 32 x 25	3079833	52	55	55	22	25	25



Branch Reduced Tee

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

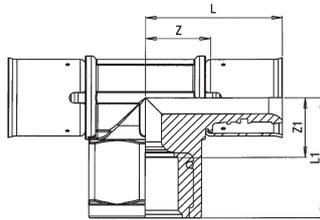
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)					
		L	L1	L2	Z	Z1	Z2
20 x 16 x 20	3079823	44	43	43	19	17	17
25 x 16 x 25	3079827	47	48	48	22	18	18
25 x 20 x 25	3079828	48	50	50	22	20	20
32 x 16 x 32	3079834	50	47	47	25	17	17
32 x 20 x 32	3079835	52	49	49	26	19	19
32 x 25 x 32	3079837	56	52	52	26	22	22
40 x 25 x 40	3079839	59	63	63	29	22	22
40 x 32 x 40	3079840	59	61	61	29	20	20



Branch and One End Reduced Tee

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)					
		L	L1	L2	Z	Z1	Z2
20 x 16 x 16	3079822	44	42	43	20	17	17
25 x 16 x 16	3079829	47	42	47	22	19	17
25 x 20 x 20	3079825	46	45	50	22	19	20
32 x 25 x 25	3079836	56	52	52	26	22	22
40 x 32 x 32	3079842	59	55	67	29	26	26

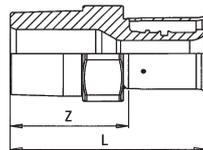


One Side Female BSP Thread Tee

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)			
		L	L1	Z	Z1
16 x 1/2" x 16	3079816	49	30	24	13
20 x 1/2" x 20	3079817	50	32	24	15
20 x 3/4" x 20	3079818	53	36	27	18
25 x 1/2" x 25	3079819	54	35	24	18
25 x 3/4" x 25	3079820	57	36	27	18

Connectors



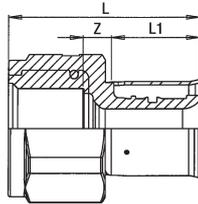
Connector - Single Male BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
16 x 1/2"	3079798	58	33
16 x 3/4"	3079799	63	38
20 x 1/2"	3079800	60	34
20 x 3/4"	3079801	64	38
25 x 3/4"	3079802	68	38
25 x 1"	3079803	75	45
32 x 1"	3079804	75	45
32 x 1 1/4"	3079805	81	51
40 x 1 1/4"	3079806	92	51

Wavin Tigris K5

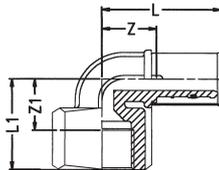
Product details **Press-fit Plumbing System**



Connector – Single Female BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

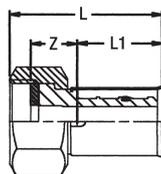
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)		
		L	L1	Z
16 x 1/2"	3079788	56	25	14
16 x 3/4"	3079789	58	25	15
20 x 1/2"	3079790	56	26	13
20 x 3/4"	3079791	59	26	15
25 x 3/4"	3079793	63	30	15
32 x 1"	3079796	67	30	16
40 x 1 1/4"	3079797	81	41	16



Screw Connector Elbow 90°

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

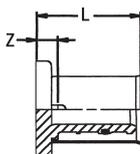
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)		
		L	L1	Z
16 x 1/2"	4064294	49	34	24
16 x 1/2" DRL	4066067	49	34	24
20 x 1/2" DRL	4066068	50	34	24



Tap Connector – Female BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)		
		L	L1	Z
16 x 3/4"	4066074	58	25	15
20 x 3/4"	4066076	59	26	15
25 x 1"	4066079	67	30	16
32 x 1 1/4"	4066082			
40 x 1 1/2"	4064315			

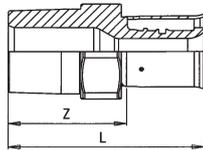


End Cap

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
16	3079859	37	12
20	3079860	38	12
25	3079861	42	12

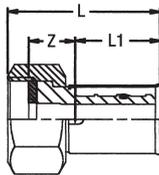
Tigris M5* – Connectors (Metal body)



Connector – Single Male BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
16 x 1/2"	4066041		
16 x 3/8"	4064262	53	28
16 x 3/4"	4066042	59	34
20 x 1"	4066045	63	37



Tap Connector – Female BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

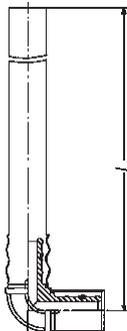
Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)		
		L	L1	Z
16 x 1/2"	4066072	67	25	33



Wall Flange

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16 x 1/2"	4066133



Radiator Connector – 90° Elbow

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)
		L
16 x 15	4064235	175
16 x 15	4064239	300

NOTE:

* M5 fittings are manufactured from a UBA listed 617 brass.

– Materials on the UBA list are accepted as drinking water quality by the 4 member state.

– The UK is a member of the 4 member state, together with Germany, Netherlands and France.

Wavin Tigris K5

Product details **Press-fit Plumbing System**

Tigris M5 – Accessories



Transition Fitting to Copper

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16 x 15	4065978
20 x 15	4065979
20 x 22	4065981
25 x 22	4065982
25 x 28	4065983
32 x 28	4067485



Pressure Stopper

Material: Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16	4013571
20	4013572
25	4013573



Adaptor Fitting to Hep₂O

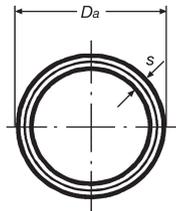
Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Polybutylene

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16 x 15	4064277
20 x 22	4064280
25 x 22	4064281
25 x 28	4064282
32 x 28	4064283

Wavin Tigris K1

Product details **Press-fit Plumbing**

Pipe

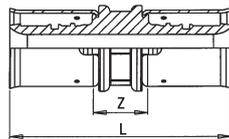


Pipes – Straight Lengths

Material: HDPE, Aluminium and PEX-c

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions		
		Dia (mm)	Size (mm)	Length (m)
50 x 4.5	3004372	50	4.50	5
63 x 6.0	3028271	63	6.00	5
75 x 7.5	3053972	75	7.50	5

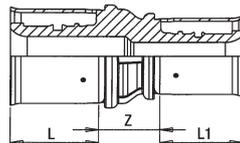
Couplers



Straight Coupler

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
50	3027832	108	32
63	3027847	155	35
75	3065639	157	33

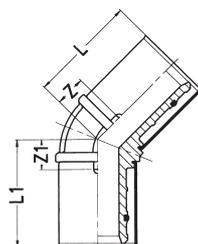


Reducing Coupler

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)		
		L	L1	Z
50 x 32	3027833	26	26	28
50 x 40	3027834	38	38	35
63 x 40	3027852	60	38	42
63 x 50	3027850	60	38	36
75 x 50	3065641	62	39	27
75 x 63	3065640	62	61	31

Elbows



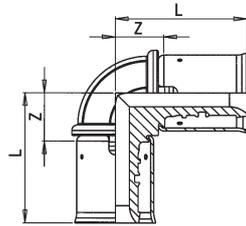
Elbow 45°

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
50	3024668	62	25
63	3027849	87	28
75	3065642	91	29

Wavin Tigris K1

Product details **Press-fit Plumbing**

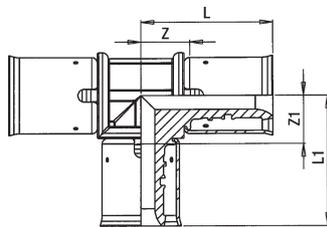


Elbow 90°

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
50	3024667	77	40
63	3027848	106	46
75	3065643	113	50

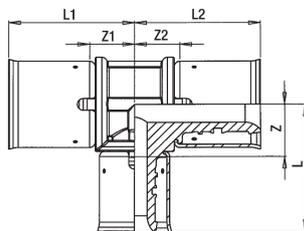
Tees



Equal Tee

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)			
		L	L1	Z	Z1
50	3027829	154	77	32	32
63	3027853	106	106	46	46
75	3065644	112	112	50	50

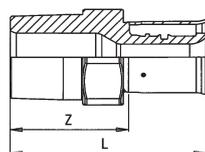


Branch Reduced Tee

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)					
		L	L1	L2	Z	Z1	Z2
50 x 25 x 50	3027830	64	68	68	39	31	31
50 x 32 x 50	3027842						
50 x 40 x 50	3027831	79	73	73	41	35	35
63 x 25 x 50	3027856	70	91	67	45	31	30
63 x 32 x 63	3027855	71	95	95	46	35	35
63 x 40 x 63	3027854	84	95	95	46	35	35
75 x 32 x 75	3065647	71	95	95	46	32	32
75 x 40 x 75	3065646	87	96	96	48	33	33
75 x 50 x 75	3065645	88	100	100	49	37	37

Connectors

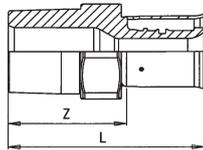


Connector – Single Male BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
50 x 1½"	3027837	95	57

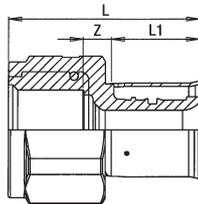
Tigris M1 – Connectors (Metal body)



Connector – Single Male BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)	
		L	Z
63 x 2"	3090826	108	50
75 x 2½"	4049178		



Connector – Single Female BSP Thread

Material: PPSU, Stainless Steel, Brass

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Dimensions (mm)		
		L	L1	Z
50 x 1½"	4032698	75	38	17
63 x 2"	4032699	102	59	20
75 x 2½"	4049179			

NOTE:

* M1 fittings are manufactured from a UBA listed 617 brass.

– Materials on the UBA list are accepted as drinking water quality by the 4 member state.

– The UK is a member of the 4 member state, together with Germany, Netherlands and France.

Wavin Tigris

Product details **Accessories and Tools**

Accessories and Tools



Internal Bending Spring

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16	4013553
20	4013559
25	4013562

External Bending Spring

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16	4023071
20	4023073
25	4023075



Pipe Bending Pliers

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
16	4043224	Pipe Bending Tool
20	4043225	Pipe Bending Tool



Pipe Bending Pliers – 16/20/25mm

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
–	4023077	Pipe Bending Pliers



Pipe Straightener – 16/20/25mm

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
–	4013530	Pipe Straightener



Pipe Cutter – 16-75mm

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
–	4053508	Pipe Cutter – 16-75mm



Pipe Cutter with hold function – 16/20/25mm

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
–	4036273	Pipe Cutter – 16/20/25mm
–	4037386	Replacement blade for Pipe Cutter (4036273)



Hand Press Tool – 16-20mm

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
–	4013538	Hand Press Tool – 16-20mm

Note: contains the tool only



Hand Tool Insert

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16	4013542
20	4013543



Cordless Pressing Tool – Mini

- For the perfect completion of Wavin Tigris K1 press connections of 16 to 40mm
- Supplied in a case, including charger
- Jaws sold separately

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
–	4048906	Tigris K1 Pressing Tool – Mini
–	4066723	Battery for 4048906

Wavin Tigris

Product details **Accessories and Tools**



Cordless Pressing Tool

- For the perfect completion of Wavin Tigris K1 press connections of 16 to 75mm
- Supplied in a case, including charger
- Jaws sold separately

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
-	4048907	Tigris K1 Pressing Tool
-	4066725	Battery for 4048907



Pressing Jaws – Mini

- For use with 4048906

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16	4046556
20	4046557
25	4046558
32	4046559
40	4046560



Pressing Jaws

- For use with 4048907

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16	4046691
20	4046694
25	4046695
32	4046756
40	4046758
50	4046759
63	4035779



Pressing Jaws

- For use with 4048907 and 4053510

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
75	4053509



Pressing Adaptor for 75mm Jaw

- For use with 4048907 and 4053509

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
75	4053510



Calibration Mandrel – 16-32mm

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
16	4999998
20	4999999
25	4023364
32	4023365



Calibration Mandrel – 40-75mm

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
40	4031987
50	4031988
63	4035780
75	4053507



Calibration Mandrel – 16/20/25mm

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
–	3021196



Hand Grip for Calibration Mandrel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
–	3011162

Wavin Tigris

Product details **Accessories and Tools**



Hand Grip for Calibration Mandrel

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number
-	4036272



Calibration Set

- Including transport case and power click grasp

Nominal Size (mm)	Part Number	Description
-	4013541	Wavin Kalispeed-Set 16-32mm

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